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The Bombay Gazette.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

No. 50,648—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, MARCH 28, 1896.

VISITORS TO THE OLD COUNTRY.

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COMPLETE SANITATION. ELECTRIC LIGHT THROUGHOUT. LIFTS.

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JAMES BAILEY, M.P., Managing Director.

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PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY. 2 P.M.
† SUTLEJ	4204	A. Symons	28th March 1896
R.I. PENINSULAR	3927	R. F. Briscoe	4th April.
† ORIENTAL	6594	L. H. Moule	11th "
R.M.I. AUSTRALIA	6901	I. Reeves	18th "
R.V.I. CLYDE	4136		25th "
R.M.I. CALEDONIA	7392	W. B. Caldrews	2nd May.
† SUTLEJ	4202	A. Symons	9th "
R.I. CARTHAGE	6763	M. DeHorne	16th "
		FRIDAY. 5 P.M.	
† GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	22nd May.
R.I. ORIENTAL	6594	L. H. Moule	29th "
† SUTLEJ	4205	A. Symons	5th June.
R.I. SS. SHANNON	6629	E. Cowre	12th "
† GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	19th "
R.I. PENINSULAR	6727	R. F. Briscoe	26th "

The Steamers marked R. I. proceed to BRINDISI, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, and LONDON.

The Steamers marked R.V.I. proceed direct to VENICE, taking Passengers for BRINDISI and LONDON, those for the latter port tranship to the Mail Steamer at Aden, and Passengers for BRINDISI can either do the same or remain on board the through Venice Steamer.

The Steamers marked † proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for BRINDISI and LONDON.

The Steamer marked R. M. I. proceed to BRINDISI, MARSEILLES and LONDON.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 8 A.M. on the day of sailing.

A Steam Tender leaves the Ballard Pier at NOON on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 25th March 1896.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N.Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
IMPERATRIX	J. Nicolich	4,119	750	1st April 1896
IMPERATRIX	T. Rassovich	4,194	750	1st May 1896
IMPERATOR	J. Nicolich	4,119	750	1st June 1896

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE, VENICE, Or BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 335	Rs. 160

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
MARIA THERESA	V. Ghersmann	3,067	350	7th April '96
ISTRIA	E. Komorich	3,185	350	7th May '96
MARIA VALERIE	A. Fellner	4,225	350	7th June '96

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	2nd Class.	Deck.
To TRIESTE or VENICE	Rs. 335	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 21st of each month.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RETURN TICKETS

By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs. 960	Rs. 575
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1060	Rs. 625

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THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothard's, and other Routes.

In connection with the Steamers' Tickets the Company issue now Railway Tickets to the Principal Towns of Austria and Germany, as well as Tickets by steamers of the "Nord-deutscher Lloyd" (North German Lloyd) to ports of North and South America, Australia, &c., called at by their vessels.

STEAM TO COLOMBO PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
VINDOBONA	C. Bellen	4,351	350	21st April '96

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. DAPHNE to Madras and Colombo.

For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

C. ZANELLA,
Agent.

Bruce Street, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, March 19, 1896.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO., BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,

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PASSENGER DEPARTMENT

HOMEWARD PASSAGES booked without charge and on the most favourable terms. Berth carefully selected, with special attention to grouping.

SLEEPING CAR AND CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.

RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, &c., booked on terms of existing concessions.

PASSENGERS met on arrival.

CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, AND SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.

HAND-BOOKS supplied gratis, and general information promptly given.

LONDON AGENTS.—MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

WILLIAM WATSON & CO., BANKERS & AGENTS,

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CALCUTTA—8, Council House Street.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
LONDON—7, Waterloo Place, S.W., and 27, Leadenhall Street, E. C.
LIVERPOOL—32, Water Street,
PORT SAID—8, Quay Francois Joseph.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with any amount over Rs. 500 without charge for Commission, and Interest allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 3, 6, 9 and 12 months, at interest to be learned on application.

PAY, PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES collected FREE of COMMISSION, and without Life Certificates.

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DRAFTS, CHEQUES AND BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for Collection.

TELEGRAPHIC AND REGULAR HOME FAMILY REMITTANCES made AT THE BEST Exchange rate of the day.

ADDRESSES of HOME friends for Telegraphic purposes registered FREE.

VOLUMINOUS Private CODE, minimizing expense, a CLIENTS' Service.

STOCKS, SHARES, &c., bought and sold.

GOVERNMENT PAPER AND OTHER SECURITIES kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.

MONIES Cabled and paid same day in England. Cost of Message about Rs. 8, and NO COMMISSION charged for remitting.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at specially favourable rates.

ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE—effected at reasonable rates.

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PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the selection of berths and Social Grouping of Passengers.

THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.

CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.

PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted a. all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

REDUCED RATES to Railway employés, Family Parties and Missionaries.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.

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REDUCED FARES for Military Officers, Government Officials, and Missionaries to Europe via China and America.

HEAVY BAGGAGE received, forwarded and insured.

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DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.

SOVERRIGNS, BANK NOTES, and Foreign money bought and supplied. CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balances does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received. Rate of interest on application.

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THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED),

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on the 28th March at 2 p.m., or on arrival of in-coming English Mail Steamer, if later arriving.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, about the 29th March, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie, and Kurrachee.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 31st March, at 10 a.m., calling (weather permitting) at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie, and Kurrachee, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KILWA," 1,552 tons, on or about the 2nd April, at Noon, calling at Kurrachee, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Muscat in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "RAJPOOTANA," 2,030 tons, about the 4th April, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR COAST AND RANGOON.

S. S. "SCINDIA," 2,680 tons, about the 14th April, calling at such Ports as may be arranged.

FOR ADEN, LAMOO, MOMBASSA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "GOA," 1,903 tons, sailing about 28th March.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 27th March, 1896.

KING, KING & CO., BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

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CALCUTTA,
HENRY S. KING & CO., LONDON.

WANTED.

NOTICE.

REQUIRED by the Municipality of Bombay a CIVIL ENGINEER, for the post of Acting Deputy Executive Engineer, Water-Works.

The applicant must have had actual experience in the construction and administration of the Water-Works of a City.

Salary Rs. 800, rising to Rs. 1,000, by increments depending upon qualifications and good service.

The appointment will probably be a continuous one and there is little chance of its terminating under three years. On vacancies occurring the acting incumbent would, if his service had proved satisfactory, be eligible for appointment to a permanent post in the Executive Engineer's Department.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to the Undersigned.

Applications for the appointment must reach the Undersigned on or before the 10th of June, 1896, and must be accompanied by certificates as to character and experience.

P. SNOW, I.C.S.,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices, Bombay, 18th March, 1896.

KHANDALLA.

A FAMILY (English) having taken a large Bungalow for the Season (1st April to 15th June) at KHANDALLA, desire to hear of others who will join them. Suites of two or three Rooms with Board, two persons Rs. 350 monthly, three persons Rs. 500 monthly. Children by arrangement. Piano Lawn-Tennis, Badminton. Arrangements liberal, as no cash profit is desired.

Address in the first instance, The BUNGALOW, 53, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

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WHITE SHIRTINGS.
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WARDEN & Co.,

AGENTS
BOMBAY & KARACHI.
OFFICES:—27, Hummum Street, Fort. BOMBAY.

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BUGS,
FLEAS,
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BEETLES,
BUT IS HARMLESS TO ANIMALS.
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It is Unrivalled in destroying FLEAS, BUGS, COCKROACHES, BEETLES, MOTHS in FURS, and every other species of insect. Sportsmen will find this invaluable for destroying fleas in the dogs, as also ladies for their pet dogs.

The PUBLIC are CAUTIONED that every package of the genuine powder bears the autograph of THOMAS KEATING; with out this any article offered is a fraud. Sold in Tins and Bottles only.

CHILDREN SUFFER from WORMS.
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which ruins their health. KEATING'S WORM TABLETS are PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEATS furnishing both in appearance and taste, a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe, and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in Bottles, by all Druggists.

Proprietor, THOMAS KEATING, London.

NOTICES.

GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE.

THE LORD REAY LECTURESHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given to Graduates of the Grant Medical College and to Medical Graduates of the University of Bombay, that the subject for the above-mentioned Lectureship for the Winter Session of 1896-97 will be PHYSIOLOGY. The course will consist of not fewer than two and not more than four Lectures. Applications from intending Candidates for the Lectureship will be received by the Principal, Grant Medical College, up to 30th April next. Copies of the Rules, giving particulars as regards remuneration, etc., can be obtained from the College Clerk.

W. K. HATCH, F. R. C. S., Surgeon-Major,
Acting Principal, Grant Medical College.

Bombay, 20th March, 1896.

THE DAVID MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders held on THURSDAY, the 19th March, 1896, a DIVIDEND at the RATE of Rs. 25 per SHARE, free of Income Tax, for the Half-year ending 31st December, 1895, has been declared payable at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 14, Ramsay Road, on and after Wednesday, the 8th April, 1896, between 11 A.M. and 3 P.M., to Shareholders whose names stood on the Company's Register on the 19th March, 1896, on production of their Share Certificates.

By Order,
SASSOON J. DAVID & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 20th March, 1896.

PRESIDENCY SAVINGS BANK.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA have DECIDED to CLOSE the PRESIDENCY SAVINGS BANK, and to TRANSFER the BUSINESS to the POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

DEPOSITORS are requested TO PRESENT their PASS BOOKS at the Bank without delay to have their balances transferred. The accounts will be transferred as far as possible in the order in which the Pass Books are received.

The balances of depositors whose Pass Books are not presented for transfer on or before 31st March next, will be transferred at the convenience of the Bank between the 31st March and 30th September following. Transactions on accounts after transfer will be allowed only at the Post Office, where the Pass Books should be presented.

Accounts will be transferred in the first instance to the General Post Office, Bombay, only.

New accounts will not be opened after this date.

The Presidency Savings Bank will be finally closed on 30th September next.

The Post Office Savings Bank allows interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum.

JAS. H. SLEIGH,
Secretary.

Bank of Bombay, Bombay, March 2, 1896.

NOTICE.

ARMY AND NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LIMITED,

of 105, Victoria Street, Westminster, London, S. W.

BOMBAY DEPOT, APOLLO STREET.

WITH reference to the Notice of the 11th instant with the exception of Departments 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 14 and 16 ALL DEPARTMENTS are now able to CARRY OUT most orders. Groceries, Tobaccos, &c., Wines, Drugs, Ammunition, Games, and Books can be Supplied nearly as fully as before.

Glassware and Dinnerware (of Pats 113, 120, 129 and 130) can also be supplied, but no Tea or Breakfast services.

Large Shipments are arriving by every Mail; and BY THE MIDDLE OF APRIL the BOMBAY DEPOT will be able to carry out ALL ORDERS as before.

The Passage, Baggage, Shipping, and Clearing Departments are proceeding as usual.

The Departments are located in the old premises in Apollo Street, and in the Sirdar's Building, in Hummum Street.

The Offices are at No. 16, Sirdars' Palace, Apollo Street.

A. HILDEBRAND,
General Manager.

Bombay, 23rd March, 1896.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited, will be held at the registered office of the Corporation, No. 4, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, on the 28th day of March, 1896, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of passing a Special Resolution to amend clause 3 of the Memorandum of Association of the Corporation under the Indian Companies (Memorandum of Association) Act 1895.

The terms of the Resolution to be then proposed are specified in the circular letter issued to the shareholders in accordance with the provisions of Article 138 of the Articles of Association of the Corporation.

Should the Resolution be passed by the required majority it will be submitted for confirmation to a second extraordinary meeting which will be subsequently convened in pursuance of the provisions of the Indian Companie's Act.

By Order of the Board,
WALLACE & Co.
Secretaries, Treasurers & Managers.

Bombay, 20th March, 1896.

THE JIVRAJ BALLOO SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company, will be held at its Registered Office, Nos. 304-3'6, Bazaar Gate Street, Fort, on SATURDAY, the 28th March 1896, at 1 P.M., to transact the following business:—

I.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance-Sheet and Abstract of Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st December 1895.

II.—To declare a Dividend.

III.—To approve the appointment made by the Board of Mr. Morarji Goculdas as a Director of the Company.

IV.—To elect Directors in the room of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

V.—To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 21st to 30th instant, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
RAMCHANDRA HEMRAJ,
Secretary.

Bombay, 12th March, 1896.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 257 OF 1893.

HURRIVULLUBHDAS BALGOWANDAS.....Plaintiff.

VS.

KHARWA DEWSEY BHOJA, KHIMJEE HEERJEE, NEBA DEWSEY, ALKA DEWSEY and PANKA DEWSEY .....Defendants'

PURSUANT to the final Decree made in the above Suit and bearing date the 13th day of September, 1894, the following immoveable properties will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court, at his Office, in the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of April, 1896, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon in one lot.

PARTICULARS.

All the estate and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiff and of the abovenamed Defendants or any of them in the following properties:—

FIRSTLY.—All that piece of pension tax and Tocca ground together with the messuage, tar and other trees, and wells standing thereon, situate at Matoongs without the Fort and in the sub-district of Bombay and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 11, 11, 16, 11, 11, 742, 43, 222, 11, 749, New Nos. 3462, 3474, 3495, 464, 3467, 4620, 15419, 3463 and 4699 and New Survey Nos. 1-852, 1-855, 1-852, 2-875, 1-876, 1-874, 1-873, 1-873, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Street No. 943, and Ward No. 7376, containing 1385 square yards, and five-ninths of another square yard or thereabouts.

SECONDLY.—All that piece of pension tax ground situate at Matoongs without the Fort in the sub-district of Bombay and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 4687, and bounded on the East, West and North by the property of Mingruel Pawloo Fernan, and on the South by the property of Phillip containing one hundred and fifty-five square yards and five-ninths of another square yard or thereabouts,

For further particulars and conditions of Sale Application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Wadia and Ghandy, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 11, Sirdar Building, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 20th day of January, 1896.

G. H. FARRAN,
Commissioner.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 645 OF 1894.

RAO BAHADUR WASSOODEW PANDURANG of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, Government Pensioner, residing at Warden Road Breach Candy, without the Fort of Bombay ....Plaintiff.

VS.

CRUSHNARAO PANDURANG, GUNPUTRAO NANABHOY, DADAJI NANABHOY, RAMRAO NARAYEN, MORESHWER NARAYEN, SHAMRAO NARAYEN, BALGRISHNA WASSOODEW, KESHAVRAO BALCRISHNA, YESHVANTRAO BALCRISHNA, KHUNDERAO WASSOODEW, ANANDRAO CRUSHNARAO, VINAYEKRAO ANANDRAO, GOPALRAO RAMRAO, VINAYEK RAMRAO, GOVINDRAO RAMRAO, DINKAR RAMRAO, VASANT RAMRAO, HURISHCHUNDRA RAMRAO, PARVATIBAI, Widow of NANABHOY PANDURANG, Deceased, ANNAPURNABAI, Widow of NARAYEN PANDURANG, Deceased.....Defendants

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above suit and bearing date the 23rd day of September, 1895, the following immoveable properties will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION by the Commissioner of this Honorable Court, on the Premises at Kalbadevi Road, without the Fort of Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of March, 1896, at the hour of four o'clock in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS.

All the right, title and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiff, and of the abovenamed Defendants in

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground containing by admeasurement four hundred and six square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate within the Town and Island of Bombay in the Registration Subdistrict of Bombay, on the Kalbadevi Road, assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 481 (2) and Street No. 313, and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 80 New No. 701 Old Survey No. 303 and New Survey No. 1480 and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the North by the property of Dawoodbhoy Moosabhoy, on or towards the East by the property of Soondeeji Damji on or towards the South partly by a Hindoo Temple known as the Ramwady Temple and partly by the property hereinafter secondly described and on or towards the West by the said Kalbadevi Road, SECONDLY, ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground containing by admeasurement eighty-seven square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage tenement shop or dwelling-house standing thereon situate within the Town and Island of Bombay in the Registration Subdistrict of Bombay on the Kalbadevi Road assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 481 (1) and Street No. 311 and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 80 New No. 701 Old Survey No. 303 and New Survey No. 1480 and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the North by the property hereinbefore firstly described on or towards the East and South by the premises belonging to a Hindoo Temple known as the Ramwady Temple and on or towards the west by the said Kalbadevi Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. BICKNELL, MERWANJI and MOTILAL Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 78, Mahomed Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 19th day of February 1896.

G. H. FARRAN,
Commissioner.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at Reasonable notice, Engraving, Copper-plate Printing and Lithographic orders. For rates, Apply SUPERINTENDENT, "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

INDIAN TEAS.

TREACHER & COMPANY are the appointed Agents for the celebrated Teas of the KOUSANIE TEA COMPANY, LIMITED. The Company has gained 12 Medals and 10 Prizes at Exhibitions in India, London, and Paris.

KOUSANIE MIXTURE, a well-known speciality from the Kousanie Gardens	1-lb. packets, per packet	1	3	1 6
	5-lb. catties, " catty	6	2	6 14
SOUCHONG, Finest, in 1-lb., packets	per packet	1	3	1 6
PEKOE, Finest, in 1-lb. packets	"	1	6	1 9
HYSON, Young (Green), in 1-lb. packets	"	1	8	1 11
ORANGE, PEKOE, Finest	"	1	8	1 11
TREACHER'S OWN MIXTURE, in 1-lb. packets	"	0	14	1 0
TREACHER'S HOUSEHOLD TEA, a small broken leaf Tea, per lb.		0	10	0 12
CEYLON TEA, of the very Finest quality, 1-lb. packets	"	1	8	1 11

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,

BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

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PHOTOGRAPHS OF INDIA IN COLOURS.

"THEY are superb."—"Daily Chronicle." "Wonderfully artistic."—"Irish Times."

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Rs. 23 PER DOZ. SIZE 10½ BY 8 INCHES.

AGRA. CALCUTTA. JEYPORE. BENARES. DELHI. KARLEE. BOMBAY. GWALIOR. LUCKNOW.

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RUPEES 10 PER DOZEN. SIZE 10 BY 8 INCHES.

BOMBAY. MAHABLESHWAR. POONA. AHMEDABAD. JEYPORE. AGRA. DELHI. ALLAHABAD. LAHORE. DARJEELING. DOWLUTABAD. BIJAPOOR. GONDAL. ELEPHANTA CAVES. KHANDALLA. NASSIK. MOUNT ABU. AMBER. SECUNDRA. CAWNPORE. JUBBULPORE. UMRITSAR. AURUNGABAD. ELLORA CAVES. BHATRUNJAY TEMPLES, (PALITANA). MATHERAN. CARLEE CAVES. BARODA. AJMERE. GWALIOR. FUTTEHPORE SIKRI. LUCKNOW. BENARES. CALCUTTA. ROZA. AJUNTA CAVES. BHAVNAGAR. NATIVE CHARACTERS.

Rs. 4 PER DOZEN. A LARGE COLLECTION OF NATIVE CHARACTERS AND VIEWS—SIZE 5½ BY 4 INCHES.

FEBRICURA.

A Marvellous remedy for Fever of all kinds, whether during the hot or cold stage.

Per Bottle, Re. 1-0.

BOMBAY:—Oriental Bank Buildings, Fort, Byculla Bridge, and Camballa Hill. PHILLIPS & CO., LD., POONA:—Temple House, Camp, & Boothwar Peth, City.

MANUFACTURING PHARMACISTS.

WHAT HAS COME!!!

THE ROYAL ALBUM.

Containing 16 Panel size Portraits of the ROYAL FAMILY, taken by W. & D. Downey with a short interesting Biography beneath each plate.

Her Majesty the Queen, in Robes.
H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, in Uniform.
H. R. H. the Princess of Wales, in Court Dress.
The four Generations, Group of H. M. the Queen, the Prince of Wales, Duke of York and Infant Prince (Prince Edward of York).
T. R. H. the Princess of Wales and Three Daughters, in Court Dress—Group.
H. R. H. the Duke of Coburg.
H. R. H. the Duchess of Coburg.
H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught.
H. R. H. the Duchess of Connaught.
H. R. H. the Duke of Clarence.
H. R. H. the Duke of York
T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of York—Group.
T. R. H. the Prince of Wales, Duke and Duchess of York, and Duke and Duchess of Fife—Group
T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Fife—Group.
H. R. H. the Princess Victoria of Wales.
H. R. H. the Princess Maud of Wales.

A copy of the above ROYAL ALBUM will be presented to all.

For further particulars see "Bombay Gazette" of MONDAY, 30TH MARCH 1896.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

PAR EXCELLENCE THE LEADING BRAND OF INDIAN CIGARS.

UNRIVALLED IN QUALITY AND FLAVOR.

The nearest approach to a GENUINE HAVANNA.

BAHADURS No. 1.	BAHADUR "BOUQUETS" No. 3.
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BAHADUR "SPECIALS" No. 1.	BAHADUR DAWSON'S No. 1.
BAHADUR "SPECIALS" No. 2.	BAHADUR DAWSON'S No. 2.
BAHADUR "SPECIALS" No. 3.	BAHADUR EXCELSIORS.
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BAHADUR "BOUQUETS" No. 1.	BAHADUR MANILLAS No. 2.
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SOLE MANUFACTURERS, BAHADUR CIGARS.

McDOWELL & CO.,
MADRAS.

WASHING DRESS FABRICS FOR THE HOT WEATHER.

NEW ZEPHYRS.
PLAIN COLORS, As. 8.
FANCY STRIPES, As. 10.
FANCY CHECKS, As. 5 TO As. 10.

CREPONS.
NEW CROCODILE CREPON, As. 14.
"HILTON" STRIPE CREPON, As. 9.

CAMBRICS.
FANCY PRINTED CAMBRICS, for Ladies' Shirts and Blouses, As. 7, 9, and 10.
WHITE NAINSOOKS, from Rs. 2-5 per piece of 12 Yards.
FULL RANGE OF PATTERNS FREE ON APPLICATION.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO.,
HORNBY ROAD.

PHILLIPS AND CO.'S GREAT REMEDY FOR SEA SICKNESS TRAVELLERS' RESTORATIVE SALINE.

HOMEWARD-BOUND PASSENGERS PLEASE NOTE.

PER BOTTLE Re. 1-4.

PHILLIPS & CO., LD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

R. SCOTT & CO., M. R. C. V. S.,
GIRGAUM VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES.
(OLDEST ESTABLISHED FIRM IN BOMBAY.)

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses Selected for local and Up-country constituents. Horses shod on the most approved principles under Personal Supervision.

Horses broken to Saddle (Rs. 15) and double Harness (Rs. 10), and Saddle (Rs. 15). Raw Wales, Charged extra. Horses standing on Commission Sale, or for treatment.

	Rs. a.
At Livery, including Syce, per mensem	35 0
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	10 0
Examining and Certificate	5 0
For bad appearance to Somebody	10 0
Ordered Horse Sold, but in the Meantime, for [illegible]	5 0
Special attendance, Ordered Sold, Syce Not Supplied	1 0

WIESBADEN, GERMANY.
PENSION VILLA FRANK
ABEGGSTRASSE, 3.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, excellent Table, Baths, thermal and other. House stands in its own grounds. Within three minutes' walk of Kurhaus. Moderate Prices. Arrangements made with Families for Summer or Winter Season.

ENGLISH COUNTRY HOME FOR INDIAN GIRLS.

A LIMITED NUMBER of PUPILS from INDIA are received at a Private Family Boarding Cemetery Home, near Cambridge. The usual English subjects and accomplishments carefully Taught by a duly qualified staff of Resident Governesses and Visiting Professors. Chemistry walks, Refined half Conchmaids' Home, and good Library. Special attention paid to delicate or backward Pupils. Apply "O.P." Advertising Dept. "Gazette" Office, Bombay.

MILITARY SIGNALLING OR RIFLE RANGE CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES.

SUITABLE also for Racing or Noting the passage of seconds or fractions of a second.

In the Chronograph Watch we have an independent centre second hand which can be released, stopped, and returned to Zero by three distinct applications of pressure to the winding Coronet or in the case of Hunters and Half Hunters to a small stud at the side of the Case. The three act

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TIVOLI THEATRE.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!! TO-NIGHT!!!

First production in Bombay of the Sparkling Burlesque.

CINDERELLA!

CINDERELLA!

Positively the most charming Night's Amusement offered to a Bombay Audience during the present Season.

PERFORMED ENTIRELY BY

HUDSON'S SURPRISE PARTY.

WITH THE FOLLOWING CAST:—

The Prince	Miss Onslow Mackay.
Captain Muff, A.-D.-C.	Miss Emmie Morrison.
Fairy Godmother	Miss Amy Dewhurst.
The Baron	Mr. A. Holland.
Master Lion	Mr. Harry Shine.
Sister Ria	Mr. H. Gilbert.
Head Cook	Mr. T. Hudson.
His Assistant	Mr. M. Provo.

AND

Cinderella..... Miss Lillie Linton.

Chorus of Cooks and Courtiers by Mr. Smith & Party.

The following Songs, Dances, &c., will be introduced during the Burlesque:

IN ACT FIRST.

"All have a drink with me," "Just So," (words and Music by Miss May Habgood), "The Nineteenth Century Boys," "Henrietta, Have you met Her?" "The Heavenly Twins," "I sadly, Drowsily," (sung by Miss Marie Alton with Invisible Humming Chorus), "Impecuniosity," &c.

IN ACT SECOND.

"All in a row," "Only this" "Two sides of a Picture," "'Tis Merry Love that makes the world go round, "That's the cause of it, an Indian Barn Dance," "Oh, Honey, my Honey", "On Little Slipper!" &c., Serpentine Dance by Miss Amy Dewhurst. To "Sylvia," Ballet, Lime-light effects.

The above will be interspersed with funny situations, eccentric dances, screen shadows, &c.

The whole concluding with a GRAND MEDLEY FINALE BY THE COMPANY.

The music entirely under the direction of Miss May Habgood.

PRICES AS USUAL.

Box Plan at SOUNDY & Co.

THOS. P. HUDSON.

NOTICE.

WANTED an OVERSEER for the Surat District Local Board. Salary Rs. 60 per month, horse allowance Rs. 15, with pro-pects of promotion on approved service. Applications with certificates will be received till 10th April, 1896.

F. S. P. LELY,
President, District Local Board, Surat.

President, District Local Board Surat's Office, 25th March, 1896.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY,

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12
Ditto (including postage to Europe). Rs. 15
Single Copy ..... As. 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the rules passed at the General Meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, held on the 10th May, 1893, the Committee have appointed TUESDAY, the 7th April, 1896, for the purpose of Balloting for the ELECTION of a Representative of the Chamber to be proposed to H. E. the Governor in Council for nomination as an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay, for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations under the Indian Councils Act, 1892.

The BALLOT BOX will be OPEN at the Offices of the Chamber, from 10 A.M. till 6 P.M., on the above day.

By Order of the Committee,

JOHN MARSHALL,
Secretary.

Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, 28th March, 1896.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

In the Matter of the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882, and of the KURRACHEE PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED and Reduced.

KURRACHEE PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED and Reduced ..... Petitioners.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Petition presented to the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, on the 14th day of January, 1896, for confirming a special Resolution for reducing the Capital of the abovementioned Company from Rupees One Lac, thirty-one thousand, two hundred and fifty to Rupees one Lac and five thousand is directed to be heard before His Lordship the Honourable Mr. Justice Strachey, on the 7th day of April, 1896. Any Creditor or Shareholder of the Company desiring to oppose the making of an order for confirming the reduction of the Capital of the said Company should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his Counsel for that purpose. A copy of the Petition will be furnished to any Creditor or Shareholder of the Company requiring the same by the Undersigned on payment of the regulated charges for the same.—Dated this 27th day of March, 1896.

TYABJI, DAYABHAI & Co.,
Attorneys for the said Company.
Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

NEW BOOKS.

	Rs. a.
Year Book of Treatment, 1896	5 10
Fenwick's Outlines of Medical Treatment, 1894.	7 8
Saundby's Lectures on Diabetes, 1891	5 12
Bastian's Hysterical or Functional Paralysis	6 14
Jacobson's Diseases of the Male Organs of Generation, 1893	16 8
Parvin's Science and Art of Obstetrics, 1895	13 8
Keating's Clinical Gynecology, Medical and Surgical, 1895	22 12
Osler's Principles and Practice of Medicine, 1895	18 0
Morris' Injuries and Diseases of Genital and Urinary Organs, 1895	15 12
Milton on Diseases of the Skin, 1890	16 0
Noye's Diseases of the Eye, 1894	20 0
Gower's Diseases of Nervous System, Vol. II Brain and General Functional Diseases, 1893.	15 8
Treve's Handbook of Surgical Operations, 1895.	5 12
Fuller's Disorders of Male Sexual Organs, 1895.	6 12
Quain's Dictionary of Medicine, 2 Vols, 1894	40 0
Taylor and Ferrier's Principles of Forensic Medicine, 1895	12 0
Milton on Syphilis, 1887	9 8
Davidson's Hygiene and Diseases of Warm Climates, 1893	24 0
Milton on Gonorrhœa, 1893	12 0
Treve's System of Surgery, Vol. I. 1895	18 0
Napheys Modern Therapeutics, Medical, 1892	20 4
" Surgical 1893	20 4
Barr on Treatment of Typhoid Fever, 1892	5 4
Burdett's Helps in Sickness and to Health, 1894.	3 12
Sutton's Surgical Diseases of Ovaries and Fallopian Tubes, 1891	6 6
The Ladies' Physician, 1895	2 10
Yeo's Manual of Medical Treatment, 2 Vols. 1895	15 12
Erichsen's Science and Art of Surgery, 2 Vols. 1895	36 0
Foote's Plain Home Talk, or Medical Common Sense 1894	7 14
Scoresby Jackson's Materia Medica 1895	9 6
Caird and Cathcart's Surgical Handbook, 1894.	6 6
Murrell's Prevention of Consumption, 1895	2 10
Cheyne's Treatment of Wounds, Abscesses and Ulcers, 1894	2 10
Black's Urine and Urinary Analysis, 1894.	5 10
Field's Diseases of the Ear, 1894	9 6
Squire's Hygienic Prevention of Consumption, 1893	4 8
Newman's Malignant Diseases of Throat and Nose, 1892	6 4
Edis's Sterility in Women, its Causation and Treatment 1890	4 8
Herman's Difficult Labour, 1895	9 6
Miller's Atlas of Anatomy, 1888	10 0

SUNDER PANDURANG,
Bookseller, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of GUNGABAI, widow of SHAH MADUN GOVINDJEE, late of Bombay, Hindu, Deceased.

UKERDA KEHWJEE, KHERSI JAITHA, BAI HIRBAI, DAYABHAI KALIANJI, and CANJI CHAPSI, Executors, named in the Will of the deceased ..... Petitioners.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the grant of Probate.

Witness, Sir CHARLES FREDERICK FARRAN, Knight, Chief Justice of Bombay, aforesaid, the 29th Day of March in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-six, and in the Fifty-ninth Year of Our Reign.

J. W. ORR,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay

L. N. BANAJEE,
The 27th day of March, 1896.

Messrs. LITTLE & Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1870 and 1879, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1870 and 1879, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
Single Copy.....Annas 4.
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

SHERRY.

"LA TORRE," a natural Solera, is a Dry Wine, combining great Flavor with Delicacy of Bouquet.

Rs. 27-10, CASH.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,
BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

ON the occasion of the "AT HOME" at Government House, Malabar Point, on the 28th instant the ENTRANCE will be by the UPPER GATE and the EXIT by the LOWER GATE, for all Carriages.

R. H. VINCENT,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office, Bombay, 27th March, 1896.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on FRIDAY, SATURDAY and MONDAY, the 3rd, 4th and 6th proximo, these days being Public Holidays under the "Negotiable Instruments Act 1881."

JAS. H. SLEIGH,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 26th March, 1896.

MRS. ANNIE BESANT'S LECTURES.

MRS. ANNIE BESANT will deliver THREE LECTURES, in the NOVELTY THEATRE, on MONDAY, the 30th March, THURSDAY, the 2nd April, and FRIDAY, the 3rd inst., at 6 P.M. The subjects of her Lectures are as follows:—

MONDAY.—"Education as a Factor in National Progress."

THURSDAY.—"Western Science justifying Occult Teaching."

FRIDAY.—"A Spiritual Life in the World."

TICKETS for Reserved Four Front Stalls at Rs. 2, Reserved Rear Stalls, Pit Stalls and Front Row of Dress Circle at Re. 1, and Back Seats of Dress Circle at 8 Annas can be obtained at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co. Free Tickets for other parts of the Theatre can be obtained on application at the BLAVATSKY LODGE, Theosophical Society, 37, Hornby Road, Fort, on SUNDAY, the 29th inst., between 3 and 7 P.M.

GREAT SALE OF SALVAGED GOODS FROM THE FIRE AT THE ARMY AND NAVY CO-OPERATIVE STORES.

ON account of the Insurance Companies concerned, A large Assortment of Tinned, Bottled and other Provisions from the Grocery Department in good condition Lamps, Glassware, Crockery, Filters, Tinware, Enamelware, Steel Trunks, and many other Articles from the Tannery Department to be SOLD at Prices ranging from 10 to 50 per cent. below Stores List Prices, Sale to OPEN on TUESDAY, the 31st March, at 10 A.M., at the Godown, in Nesbit Lane, off Hummum Street.

FOR SALE,

OWNER GOING HOME.

1. B. a.g. 13-3, fast strong polo PONY, up to any weight. Quiet to ride and drive. Great trapper. Sound. Rs. 600.
2. B. a. g. 13-3½, Perfect Infantry Charger, Good Lady's HACK. Fast strong trapper. Quiet to ride and drive. Practically Sound. Rs. 400.
3. DOG-CART, with lamps, &c, 4-seated; cushions in good order. Suit pony, 12-3 to 14-2, also set of black HARNESS, Rs. 225.

Above open to reasonable offers as they must be SOLD soon. Apply to

LIEUT. CASSERLY,
11, Marine Lines.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF 200 BALES GOOD MACHINE-GINNED BROACH COTTON.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 28th instant, at 3 P. M., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Colaba, in the juths of Muccadum MOORJEE HEERJEE, by order of Parikh Venichund Joitadass and on account and at risk of Ootumchund Heerjee.—

R H } —100 bales good machine-ginned Broach cotton.
A A }
On account and at the risk of Girdhur Dalsookh.—
S L C—100 bales good machine-ginned Broach cotton.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE OF 300 BALES GOOD MACHINE-GINNED BROACH COTTON.

The following lots of good machine-ginned Broach Cotton will be sold by Public Auction THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 28th instant, at 3-30 p.m., by Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., at Colaba, by order and in the juths of Messrs. GILL and Co., and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Jeypal Sejipal—

N H P—100 bales.
T N —50 "
R H B—50 "
P R B—100 "
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 28th March, 1896.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable Household Furniture, etc., at the "Salisbury House," Pall Hill, Bandora.

TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 29th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place, the very valuable and handsome neat made blackwood and teakwood household furniture of the latest design, Austrian bentwood chairs and flower stands, plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, rich table and wall ornaments, Ditmar's lamps, pictures, China matting, first rate marble clock, cooking utensils, etc.

The property of A. CORRODI, Esq., proceeding Home. The property is on view.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, 28th March, 1896.

GLASS PORTRAITURE.

A Speciality for
PRINCES, RAJAS, CHIEFS, and NAWABS.
PORTRAITS of Princes, Rajas, and Chiefs
ENLARGED ENGRAVED, SILVERED, GILDED, and Painted on Ornamental Mirrors in full Uniforms
PERMANENCY, BRILLIANCY AND RICHNESS OF WORK
UNEQUALLED.

Paintings on Canvas get faded and Colours Cracked, but our paintings on glass remain for ages fresh and clean as on the day they were done.

THEY ARE LIFELIKE, ARTISTIC IN FINISH AND LEAVE NOTHING TO BE DESIRED,

P. D. KANGA & Co.,
16, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE NEW LANOWLI HOTEL.

THIS first-class HOTEL is situated on a Charming and Healthy Spot on the Borders of the Lanowli Woods.

A few minutes' walk from the Railway Station on the Sakar-Pathar Road.

The only place for Comfort and Cleanliness, and every Room and Verandah open to the Westerly Breeze.

Table d'Hote under efficient supervision.

For particulars apply to the MANAGER.

EDUCATION IN GERMANY.

HOME in the family of Dr. Gloël for one or two boys, attending the Royal College (Gymnasium) in Wesel. Residence in healthy situation surrounded by Private Park. Terms £75 per year.

Application to

Dr. GLOEL,
Landhaus Birkenfeld,
Wesel-am-Rhein,
Germany.

A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COLD.

"94, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12.

"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your lozenges have done wonders in relieving my terrible cough. Since I had the operation of Tracheotomy (the same as the late Emperor of Germany, and unlike him, thank God, I am still alive) performed at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, no one could possibly have had a more violent cough; it was so bad at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucous, which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty.—I am, Sir, yours truly, J. HILL."

A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.

"South Park, Cardiff, South Wales, Sept. 28, 1893.

"I have, indeed, great pleasure in adding my testimony to your excellent preparation of Cough Lozenges, and I have prescribed it now for the last eight years in my hospitals and private practice, and found it of great benefit. I often suffer from Chronic Bronchitis; your Lozenges is the only remedy which gives me immediate ease. Therefore I certainly and most strongly recommend your Lozenges to the public who may suffer from Catarrh, Bronchitis, Winter Cough, or any kind of Pulmonary irritation.—Yours truly,

'A. GABITEL, M.D., L.R.C.P. and L.M., Edinburgh, L.R.C.S. and L.M., Edinburgh

USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.

"IT IS 75 YEARS AGO" since KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES were first made, and the sale is larger than ever, because they are unrivalled in the relief and cure of Winter Cough, Asthma, and aironchitis; one alone gives relief.

UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.

Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES. are old in Tins and Bottles by all Chemists.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

TRADE THERAPION MARK.

This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Kostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1 in three days only removes gonorrhœa, gleet, and all discharges, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well-tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 2 for syphilis, disease of the bones, sore throat, threatened destruction of the nose and palate, impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots blotches, and all those diseases for which it has been so much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth and the ruin of health. Under this medicine every vestige of disease rapidly disappears, and the skin assumes the pleasing softness of infancy.

THERAPION No. 3 for nervous debility, relaxation, spermatorrhœa, and all the distressing consequences arising from early abuse, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION may be procured at 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d. per package, of all the principal Chemists and Medicine vendors throughout the world. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires and carefully observe the above Registered Trade Mark, which is a facsimile of the word "THERAPION" as it appears on the British Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every genuine package by order of His Majesty's Honourable Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

FRESH SHIPMENT Every month.—REAL MANILLA CIGARS, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, at Rs. 5, 4-8 and 4 per 100, respectively. These Cigars are carefully Selected and packed in Boxes of 100 by our Agent at Manilla. The daily increasing demand proves their Superiority, and the facilities which are at our command enable us to offer them at Lower Rates than other firms. A Trial earnestly solicited.—N. B. DANTRA and Co., Cigar Merchants, 32, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 230 Military Messes and 169 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, &c., from the following well-known Houses:—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	London
GEORGE TANQUERAY & Co	London
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS.	London.
CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	London.
JAMES HAWKER AND Co.	Plymouth.
POL ROGER AND Co.	Rhaims.
POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET AND Co.	Epernay.
HEIDSIECK AND Co.	Rheims.
BOLLINGER & Co.	Château d'Ay.
PERINET ET FILS.	Rheims.
AYALA AND Co.	Château d'Ay.
RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
OURLIER FRERES.	Cognac.
J. SACCONE.	Gibraltar.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
LEACOCK AND Co.	Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON AND C..	Madeira.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN ZELLERS AND Co.	Oporto.
BUTLER NEPHEW AND Co.	Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
NOILLY PRAT & CIE.	Marseilles.
WOODHOUSE AND Co.	Marseilles.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON.	Leith, N. B.
CHAS. MACKINLAY AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL.	Leith, N. B.
JOHN CRABBIE & Co.	Leith, N. B.
JAMES CATHCART & Co.	Leith, N. B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
W. B. EDDISON & Co.	London.
FELICE SCHEIBLER.	Milan.
EMIL POHL & Co.	London.
W. DOYLE.	London.
R. SCHLUMBERGER,	Vienna.
Jos. DIETZL.	Budapest.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Cote d'Or.
J. & R. GRANT.	Rothes, N. B.
ACKERMANN-LAURANCE	Saumur.
C. A. LINDGREN & Co.	Stockholm.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
T. P. GRIFFIN & Co.	London.
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Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, &c., from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

CROFT, MODY & Co.,

FRESH CONSIGNMENTS RECENTLY ARRIVED.

T. HINE & Co.'s BRANDIES.

T. HINE & Co.'s V. S. O. P. BRANDY,

A very Superior Old Liqueur Brandy, imported for the First Time in India,

At Rs. **120** per dozen Quarts.

T. HINE & Co.'s *** BRANDY

At Rs. 62 per dozen.

T. HINE & CO.'S PALE* BRANDY,

(Used at the Principal Clubs and Messes)

At Rs. 50 per dozen Quarts.

APPLY TO

CROFT, MODY & Co.,
Sole Agents for India,
(Opposite the Bombay Bank, Bank Street)
OR
Messrs. DENISON & Co.,
SUPPLIERS BY THE BOTTLE,
33, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

INSURANCES.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE:
ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

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ALL,
Who are desirous of effecting
LIFE ASSURANCES
Should carefully compare the various advantages offered by the
ORIENTAL
With those of any other Company.

It is the Company that grants Assurance at English rates in India by a special system.

As an Indian Company, its Funds remain in India, thus avoiding a heavy loss by exchange.

All its funds are invested in Government Securities giving Unquestionable Security.

It has the support of all races in India, European and Native.

Its expenses of Management are the lowest of any Life Assurance Company of the same age.

It grants all classes of Policies at the lowest safe rates, with Special and Advantageous Features.

Moderate Premiums,
Generous Conditions,
Liberal Surrender values,
Immediate Settlement of claims.

FUNDS EXCEED ONE CRORE OF RUPEES.

CLAIMS PAID FOR OVER 36 LAKHS.

Prospectus, Forms, and further Particulars from

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary

FIRE INSURANCE.

	Exclusive Reserve Fund
The NORTHERN ASSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	£ 3,000,000
The GENERAL INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, incig. RESERVE FUND	" 3,000,000
The TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	M 6,000,000
The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 7,500,000
The HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 6,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., of 1877, CAPITAL	" 2,500,000
The BALOISE FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Frs 10,000,000
The BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Fl 3,000,000
The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 2,000,000

MARINE INSURANCE.

The GENERAL MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, incig. RESERVE FUND	£ 3,000,000
The NEW SWISS-LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Frs 4,000,000
The BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Fl 3,000,000
The SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 2,000,000
The NETHERLANDS-INDIA SEA and FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 2,250,000

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Agents.

INSURANCES.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL £2,127,500 Sterling.

RESULTS OF 1894.

Net Premiums	£846,213
Profit—Including Interest	94,980
Dividends for the Year	42,550

LOSSES paid during past TEN YEARS. £4,014,952 Sterling.

SPECIAL FEATURES.

Fire Business only transacted.
Policy Holders incur no liability.
Absolute Security.
Risks Surveyed free of charge.
MODERATE RATES.
Liberal Loss Settlements.
Prompt Payment.
Losses Settled and Paid in Bombay.

BOMBAY BRANCH OFFICE:—FORBES STREET.

W. R. RAE,
Resident Secretary.

AGENTS:—
MESSRS. DAVID SASSOON & Co.

NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Assets	£33,335,755
Liabilities	£29,169,231
Surplus	£ 4,166,524
Income	£ 7,506,854
Disbursements	£ 4,966,960
Number of Policies issued during 1894	81,324
Total number of Policies in force	277,600

An annual income equal to about one-sixth of the total revenues of the Government of India, and Cash Assets equal to about a fourth of the whole of the Indian Funded Debt—a record not equalled by that of any other Company and certain to arrest the attention of every intending insurer.

For Forms of Proposal, &c., apply to

TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Chief Agents, Bombay.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

[ESTABLISHED 1834.]

ASSURANCES effected for the Whole Term of Life and for Short Periods at Low Rates of Premium.

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES payable on attaining the Age of 45, 50 and 55, or previous, in the event of Death, also Granted.

POLICIES issued in Sterling if preferred, the Premium being payable at the Current Rate of Exchange.

PREMIUM Reduced to European Rates on passing PORT SAID Homewards.

MEDICAL FEES paid by the Society.

CLAIMS PAID immediately on Proof of Death.

For Prospectus and Full Particulars Apply to—

KING, KING & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries,
BOMBAY.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS ABOUT THE STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—OVER HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to nearly Seven and three-quarter Million Sterling, and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.

N.B.—POLICIES ISSUED IN RUPEES OR IN STERLING.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF INDIA, LD.

BOMBAY OFFICE.—39, ESPLANADE ROAD.

LIFE, ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THIS Company offers unusual advantages to intending Assurers. The tables are popular and easily understood. The POLICIES are the most liberal offered to the Public, and ARE FREE FROM ALL UNNECESSARY RESTRICTIONS, WORLD-WIDE and UNCONDITIONAL Policies. LARGE GUARANTEED BONUS OF 2 PER CENT. per annum on the sum Assured.

ACCIDENT DEPARTMENT.

THE POLICIES of this Company cover Accidents of all kinds incurred in Sport, Business, or Travel at Home or abroad without restriction.

Ordinary Risks.—Rs. 60 per annum will Secure Rs. 10,000 on Death; Rs. 10,000 on Permanent Total Disablement; Rs. 5,000 on Permanent Partial Disablement; Rs. 60 Weekly during Temporary Total Disablement; Rs. 15 Weekly during Temporary Partial Disablement.

GUARANTEE DEPARTMENT.

Suretyship undertaken for the Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust on the yearly payment of a small sum.

The Different kinds of Risks have been carefully classified, and the Company is in a position to undertake all risks at the Lowest Possible Rates.

Full particulars may be obtained from

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & CO., LD.,
Chief Agents.

INSURANCE.

ROYAL FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

FUNDS EXCEED £8,200,000.

New Life Assurances completed during 1894:—

£1,017,690.

LAST BONUS declared at the rate of £1 10s. per cent. per annum on sum assured.

All the Advantages of Modern Practice offered.

The ROYAL is the LARGEST and STRONGEST Fire Office in the world, a position which shows the Public's Appreciation of its methods in every respect.

Net Fire Premiums received in 1894, £2,032,450

CLAIMS PAID EXCEED £34,000,000.

Further particulars may be had on Application to

BOMBAY:—

AGENTS: Messrs. T. H. MOORE & Co., Hummum Street.

BRANCH OFFICE: OLD SECRETARIAT. D. LINDSAY, Secretary

THE "MOZART" STOOL.

(Size 14 in. by 18 in.)

"RISE AND FALL ARTIST'S SEAT"

A most perfect Piano Seat, possesses the important advantages of 5 in. elevation, absolute steadiness and quick rise by a few Turns of either Handle; strong metal mechanism in

LEATHER, RICH VELVET AND SADDLEBAG, Rs. 65 to Rs. 85.

THE "MOZART" MODEL UPRIGHT BOUDOIR PIANOS, Rs. 650 to Rs. 750.

Refined and elegant exterior, SPECIALLY BUILT for the CLIMATE OF INDIA, solid metal frames, beautifully sweet and powerful in tone: full Compass.

Height 4 ft. 1 in. Width 4 ft. 11 in. Depth 2 ft. 1 in.

SPECIAL EAST ITEMS for Hire Purchase.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
PIANOFORTE WAREHOUSE,
BOMBAY & POONA.

"GAZETTE" INSURANCE COUPON.

THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF INDIA, LD.,

9, NEW BROAD STREET, LONDON, E.C.; 7, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA; & 29, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

Rs. 10,000 "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Rs. 10,000

DEATH AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COUPON.

APPLICABLE TO ADEN, INDIA, BURMA, AND CEYLON,

BY SEA OR RAIL.

TEN THOUSAND RUPEES will be paid by the above INSURANCE COMPANY to the legal representatives of any person killed by an accident to the Passenger Train or to the Steamer in which the deceased was travelling as an ordinary passenger; or who shall have been fatally injured thereby, should death result within one calendar month after such accident.

And the like amount will be paid should such injury not prove fatal but result in the complete and irrecoverable loss of sight in both eyes or by physical separation of both hands; or of both feet or of one hand and one foot.

Five Thousand Rupees will be paid should such injury only result in the loss by physical separation of one hand; or of one foot; or the complete and irrecoverable loss of sight in one eye.

Provided at the time of such accident the person so killed or permanently injured was the owner of this INSURANCE COUPON for the current issue with his or her usual signature written underneath, or if it is proved that he or she is a subscriber through a newsagent or through the publishers, and also that notice of claim was given within SEVEN DAYS from the date of the accident, which are conditions precedent to this Insurance.

*Signature*_____

NOTE.—This Insurance applies only to persons over 14 years of age, is limited to ONE COUPON for each holder, and is not invalidated by any insurance with this or any other Accident Company, but is in addition thereto.

It is not necessary for Subscribers, Advertisers, or Newsagents either to sign or carry the paper, as they will be held insured for the period during which their Subscription, Advertisement, or Agency subsists.

HEALTH HAS BEEN RESTORED, ENERGY REGAINED, AND LIFE PROLONGED, IN THOUSANDS OF CASES.

BY THE USE OF THE

PHOSPHORUS COMPOUNDS

PREPARED BY

H. & T. KIRBY & CO., LD., LONDON.

THE ONLY FORM KNOWN TO BE A SAFE AND CERTAIN CURE, AND CONSTANTLY PRESCRIBED BY MEDICAL MEN IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Twenty-five Years' Experience has established the Fact that these Pills supply the MOST EFFECTUAL MEANS of administering SAFELY and SUCCESSFULLY

THE ONLY REMEDY FOR LOSS OF NERVE POWER,

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, AND MENTAL DEPRESSION, ARISING FROM

OVERWORK, WORRY, EXCESS, CLIMATIC and other DEPRESSING CAUSE.

These PILLS ARE TAKEN WITH GREAT BENEFIT in Malarial Neuralgias, and incapacity for Intellectual or Business Work, as they rapidly restore Physical Vigour and Mental Activity.

The following have a large application. Those numbered 6 and 9 are taken with great advantage to STIMULATE THE NERVOUS SYSTEM. They operate as real NUTRIENT TONICS, giving increase of power in all cases of loss of Mental and Physical Vigour.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS No. 6.

Nux Vomica in combination with Phosphorus is a very potent medicine, acting as a tonic both on the brain and spinal cord. It is useful in cases of cerebral and spinal debility, atonic, dyspepsia, lowness of spirits, and habitual constipation, general ill-health (*betow par*), commonly arising from overwork.

PHOSPHORUS NUX VOMICA, AND IRON PILLS, No. 13

IRON is added to the combination with Nux Vomica for persons who are anæmic. It is especially beneficial in Neuralgia and other manifestations of nervous exhaustion occurring in feeble, bloodless anæmic persons.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS, No. 1.

These carry the usual dose of Phosphorus only. They are taken as a nutrient tonic with great advantage in all cases requiring Loss of Nerve Power from over excitement and excessive activity of the brain when Iron or Quinine cannot be given.

PHOSPHORUS AND DAMIANA PILLS, No. 34.

These are made with the Extract of the "True" Damiana Plant, the properties of which are well known. It is a valuable aid to Phosphorus when given as a remedy for Loss of Power. Formula No. 36 contains Nux Vomica also, and is therefore a more powerful combination.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS No. 9.

(Containing Phosphorus, Iron, Quinine, and Strychnine.)

A combination of the most powerful Nerve Tonics known. These pills are Powerful Restorers of Health, Vigour, and Nerve Power in all c

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divid.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	p. a.	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,425
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,205xd
ank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,270
Commercial &	15,000	100	75	10. p.c.	155
Ld., Mgs ...	30,000				
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	210	all	5 pr. ct.	80
Charter Bank of	40,000	480	480	7 pr. ct.	477
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	al	£1-5s.	£44 to 45
National Bank of India.....	40,000	620	6121	6 pr. ct.	300

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly	
Alliance	1,000	1,000	all	2	625
Anglo-Indian ...	1,345	15	10	Nil	45
Bellasis & W Co. Ld (Belasis)	871	0	all	9 per ct.	38
Bombay Uniteol	900	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	840xd
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co ...	900	500	500	50	548
Bombay National Manfg. Co. Ld	500	1,000	1,000	...	730
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	501
Central India...	1,000	500	500	60	1,650
China Mills Co Ld	800	1 000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	820
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.40	1,010xd
Colmbatore S and W	1,000	100	100	...	110
Connaught Mills	800	500	500	25	710
Colaba Land & Mills	4,000	700	25 x Rs15		760
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	651
Carmichael Mill	800	1,000	1,000	40	830
David Mill	1,400	500	500	dvd Rs.25	1,350
Dhun Mills.....	1,000	1,000	1,000	42	42
Empress	2,100	500	500	dvd 25	585
Framjee Petit...	1,320	1,000	1,000	Nil	610
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	30	750
Hingunghat Mills	700	500	500	40	680
Howard and Bullough ...	1,500	500	500	25	700
Hyderabad ...	1,500	700	1,000	40	1,430
Imperial Cotton	200	500	500	dvd Rs.30	483
Indian Manfg...	900	1,000	1,000	50	1,280
Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld ..	700	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.30	525
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	35	710
Jaffer Ali	600	500	500	Nil	225
Jamshed Manufacturing Co..	1,800	250	250	dvd Rs.10	225
Jeewraj Balloo...	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	1,110
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld	995	1,000	1,000	20	421
Khandesh	750	1,500	1,000	dvd Rs30	840
Khangsa um Manfg. Co ..	40	250	250	Nil	900
Khatao Makanjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs45	800
Leopold	5,287	100	100	dvd Rs.10	202
Lord Reay Mfg	415	1,000	1,000	30	800
Lukgmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.50	1,120
Madras United	352	1,000	1,000	100	3,270
Mahalaxmee	600	1,000	1,000	N	260
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulam M Petit)	3,400	500	500	15 pr ct	530
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	dv Rs100	2,930
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	dvd Rs 6	160
Morarji Goculdas	1,950	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 75	2,310
Myson S & M Co Ld	4,000	{ 250 / 50	{ 250 / 50	dvd 4½	...
Madura Mills...	7,770	100	100	Nil	par
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	110
New Great Eastern.....	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs 37	535
Oriental	5,735	625	625	Rs 22½	483
Presidency Mills Co (Ld).	743	1,000	1,000	40	1,370
Queen Mills ...	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs50	775
Ripon Mills ...	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	1,140
Sassoon	1,450	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	1,290
Sholapore Mills	850	1,000	1,000	80	1,750
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	dvd 50	800
Southern India	1,000	500	500	15	115
Southern Maharatta	1,212	250	250	7½ Rs 12½	385
Sun Mills, Ld ...	1,200	250	250	dvRs 12½	224½
Star of India ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	280
Swadeshi Mills.	475	500	500	dvd Rs15	600
Sassoon and Allison	1,000	90	500	dvd Rs30	750
Union Spinning Land Manufacturing Co...	900	1,000	1,000	50	450
nion Mills Ld	60	1,000	1,000	...	500
Venkatshunker Lukhmishanker Co Ld	900	500	500	15	600
Victoria Mills ...	530	1,000	1,000	Nil	785
Western India..	1,200	1,000	1,000	35	775
Wadia Mills ...	1,200	1,000	1,000	...	20

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	all	5 p. c.	...
B. . & C. I. R.	...	£ 18	...	o.	...

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,150
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	Rs 80	1,080
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	dvd 14 x	175
Bh o wnagger City Press & Bellary Co. Ld	550	250	250	25	275
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	dv Rs12½	170
Breul's Cawnpore Press Co., Ld	500	200	200	11	165
Bronach City Press Co., Ld	600	200	200	12	200
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	dvd Rs15	320
East India	350	1,000	1,000	75	1,325
English Press and Manfg ...	400	200	...	dvd Rs 8	117½
Fort	150	8,500	500	25+80	1150
French	300	500	500	dvd Rs30	560
Harvey and Sabapathy ...	450	450	500	dvd Rs40	375
Hingoli Press Co., Ld	700	100	100	dvd Rs81	142½
Khangsum	240	450	450	Rs40	500
Mahiya Press Co., Ld	200	200	all	15 pr. ct.	250
Mahadapura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld. ..	300	500	500	53	97½
Mercantile ...	1,000	125	125	dvd Rs4	95
Mofussil Co ...	8,125	400	400	Nil	360
Munmar M ...	1,000	250	all	15	552
New Bezar....	1,200	500	500	dvd Rs30	522½
New Indian....	1,000	125	125	dvd Rs9	142
Prince of Wales	100	500	500	25	475
Sabapathy (deferred)	500	500	75	20	480
Sassoon	300	500	500	20	585
Star and Punjab Co	100	1,000	1,000	200	2,250
Stad	400	2,000	750	50	540
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	Nil	70
Surat City Press Co., Ld.	370	200	all	12	205
Volkart.....	...	1,000	10	dvd Rs60	1,19

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Yearly	
Alcock Ashdown.....	1,750	100	100	15	333
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	7½	40
Batham Pile...	5,000	100	100	10	139
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation...	1,000	2,500	1,500	300	5,075
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	75	1,270
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	dvd	63
Bombay Land and Building Co. Ld.....	500	500	500	5 pr. ct.	500
Bombay Flour Mill	720	500	500	50	1,400
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	250	250	5 pr. ct.	550
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills...	1,500	200	200	12	195
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld. ...	2,800	250	250	8 pr. ct.	310
Indian Guaranteed Bury	5,000	100	100	10 10 pr. ct.	17½
Ship Assn	5,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	17½
John Roberts & Co	1,800	100	100	10 pr. ct.	140
Komp & Co.....	4,000	200	175		332
Kurrachee Landing Place	500	500	500	30	200
Maharanee Ice Manufactoring Co	3,500	100	100	Nil	...
Marcks & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs15	152
Napier Hotel Co	3,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	40
NapierFoundry	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	10 pr. ct.	155
Phillips & Co., Ld	1,000	100	100	4	104
Port Canning Co	6,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs22	485
Scanty & Co..	1,000	100	100	9	50
Schomber & Co	2,000	500	25	30	1,100
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	7	125
Telephone Co.	9,000	25	150	dvd Rs15	29

PRICES OF BULLION

Sovereigns	Rs. 16-14-6
Mexican Dollars.....	" 191-8-0
Gold 5 Five-Franc Pieces	" 320
Gold Silver	" 92-5-0
Gold Leaf	" 27-7
Fine Gold, English (touch) ...	" 26-10
Fine Australian	" 26 11
Bar Bombay	" 26-10 nom
Bar Paris	" 26-2 nom

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Three-and-a-half per cent Reduced	107-13
Three-and-a-half per cent 1892	107-13
4 Colonial 3 per cent. Debenture Loan	120
New French Loan 5 per cent. 1875	nom
City of Paris Loan	170
Four per cent. Port Trust Bond	103-8

EXCHANGE

Terms.		Rate.
London Banks	On demand	1s. 2 5-16d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	1s. 2 5-16d.
Do. do.	4 Months sight..	1s. 1 15-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 2 2-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 2 7-16d.
Do. Credit ...	3 Do. do.	1s. 2 17-16d.
Do. do	6 Do. do.	1s. 2 15-32d.
Do. Documents	3 Do. do.	1s. 2 15-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 2 3/4d.
France	3 Do. do.	159
Do.	6 Do. do.	159½
Calcutta	At sight	100¼
Do.	30 days'	do.
Madras	At sight	100-2
Do.	30 days	do.
China	30 days	do. 133

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all matter and impurities hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 1s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot 15, Farringdon Road, London, E.C.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Jivraj Balloo Spinning and Weaving Company, Bazaar Gate Street, 1 p.m.

Bombay-Burma Trading Corporation, Elphinstone Circle, 3 p.m.

Bombay Second Extra Races.

B. V. R. Parades.

Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Athletic Sports, 3 p.m.

Prize-distribution, Sir D. M. Petit's Gymnastic Institution, Mr. Justice Budrudin Tyabjee presiding, 5 p.m.

Departure of Governor-General of Goa per mail steamer.

P. and O. s.s. Oriental, with English mails of the 13th instant, expected to arrive, 6 a.m.

Treat to Reformatory Boys, Government House, Parel.

Tivoli Theatre: Hudson's Surprise Party, "Cinderella," 9 p.m.

Marryat Lawn-Tennis Challenge Cup.

"At Home" at Government House, 9-30 p.m.

Aryan Social Union, Lecture, People's Free Reading Room and Library, 8-30 p.m.

Music at the Mahalaxmee Race-course, 3-30 p.m.

Music at the Esplanade Bandstand, 5-30 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

B. V. A., Carter Cup Competition.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamers Hochheimer and Strathairly entered the dock on Thursday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Letimbro entered and the steamer Imaum left the dock on Thursday.

MUSIC AT THE MAHALUXMEE RACE-COURSE.—The Band of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers will play at the Mahaluxmi Race-course, this evening, at 3-30.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Mauritius, Reunion, Madagascar, Delagoa Bay, Natal, and East London, via Tuticorin, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 6 p.m., to-morrow (Sunday).

COTTON SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS.—Messrs. M. C. Flannagan and Co., of the "Indian Textile Journal," have issued the first of what is to be a Quarterly List of the cotton spinning and weaving mills working in India. The List is mounted on a cloth back and gilt rollers, and gives very complete information in regard to each of the mills throughout India, the names of the manager, the engineer, the carding, spinning and weaving masters being given in each case. We note that thirteen new mills are projected or under construction at the present time.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—By kind permission of Lieutenant-Colonel E. S. Luard and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion B. B. and C. I. Rv. Volunteers will perform the following programme at the Esplanade Bandstand, this evening, at 5-30:—

Overture	Die Felseumuhle	Reissiger
Selection from Haddoe Hall		Sullivan
Waltz	Tempi	Bungi
Selection	Romeo and Juliet	Gounod
Polonaise	Masken	Faust
Quick Steps	Forest Home ..... March	Jendrowski

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

DEATH FROM BURNS.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the coroner, held an inquest, yesterday, at the J. J. Hospital, touching the death of a Parsee, named Bomanji Hormusji, a cook, aged fifty years, residing alone in a house at Sindy Gully, Cowasji Patel Tank Road. On the night of the 18th instant, deceased, while looking for bugs in his cot, trimmed a weak of an open kerosine oil-lamp, when his "sudra" caught fire, and he was extensively burnt all over his chest, abdomen, arms, and legs. He was taken to the J. J. Hospital, where he died on Thursday afternoon. A verdict of death from burns was recorded.

PRESENTATION OF AN ADDRESS.—On Thursday evening, a deputation from the Anjuman-i-Islam of Surat waited upon Mr. Haji Jakeria Haji Ahmed Patel, at his residence, Nakhoda Street, Pydhownie, and, in the presence of a number of Mahomedan gentlemen, presented him an address, which was printed in Marathi and framed in a mirror. It was stated in the address that when the news of the princely charity of two lakhs of rupees made by Mr. Haji Jakeria Patel for the foundation of an orphanage for the sons of Mahomedan orphans of Bombay strays reached them, their hearts were filled with joy. This noble act of Mr. Jakeria will tend to promote the welfare of the Mahomedan boys and will raise them in the social scale. This charity will make the name of Mr. Jakeria immortal, and the Anjuman-i-Islam prayed for long life and prosperity to him. After the address had been read and presented, several gentlemen commended Mr. Jakeria's noble deed, and extolled him for his virtues and charities. Mr. Jakeria thanked the Anjuman-i-Islam of Surat for the honour they had done to him, and said that in doing what they praised him for he had simply discharged his duty towards his co-religionists. After the distribution of flowers the gathering dispersed.

ALLEGED EXTORTION BY A PARSEE.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which Superintendent McDermott charged Edulji Nowroji Bhagal, a Parsee of disreputable character, with attempting to commit robbery by threatening to cause hurt to one Shavakshah Framji Bottlewalla, a section-writer in the Secretariat, residing with his parents at Grant Road, and also with attempting to take his property by force. Mr. De Souza conducted the prosecution. After the evidence for the defence was recorded, Mr. De Souza addressed the court on behalf of the prosecution. He said that if there was any doubt in the mind of the court about the evidence given by the prosecution, that doubt was removed by the evidence given by accused on his behalf, which showed that he had laid a plot with a view to obtain a position for to meet any attack that might be made upon him by the complainant or the police. It was quite evident that the document, dated the 24th March, which had been admittedly written by accused, and purported to have been signed by complainant, was a false one, as the complainant had totally denied the signature thereon. It was not probable or conceivable that accused, who was evidently a man of straw, would have lent Rs. 100 to complainant, and that having received only Rs. 10 back, and there being Rs. 90 outstanding, that he would give on the 22nd instant the document, purporting to be the full discharge of all the claims, which he might have against complainant. There was no evidence that the man ever left Rs. 100 to complainant, as the document only mentioned Rs 20. It was impossible that the complainant could have been in the company of the accused on the day and at the hour mentioned, because at that hour complainant was at his friend's house, and complained to him about the occurrence of the 23rd instant, and immediately afterwards went to his father's office in the Fort, and informed him of what had taken place. The magistrate, in disposing of the case, remarked that from the antecedents of the accused he decidedly that he would commit the offence with which he had been charged. The court had, however, to look to the evidence only, and decide the case accordingly. His Worship was not satisfied with the manner in which complainant had given his evidence. Complainant had evidently some connection with the accused, which he was trying to conceal. Complainant could give no assistance to the court as to the real nature of the transaction. The court did not believe that the accused would be likely to advance Rs. 100 to complainant, but it was probable that there was some connection between the party. Under the circumstances his Worship discharged accused, but knowing that he was a bad character, the court ordered him to produce a surety in the sum of Rs. 500 for his good behaviour for twelve months.

RESPONSIBILITY OF EMPLOYERS FOR THE ACT OF SERVANTS.

MR. W. WEBB, Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, disposed of the case in which Mr. Robert Nelson Clark charged C. P. Lowji with hoisting, on the 27th February last, goods weighing over one ton and a-half by the ordinary 30-cwt. dock crane, contrary to bye-law 44 of the Bombay Port Trust Regulations.

In delivering judgment, his Worship said that accused in the case was charged with committing a breach of sec. 44 of the bye-laws for the regulation and management of the Docks of Bombay under the provisions of sec. 73 of the Port Trust Act of 1879. It was contended by Mr. Brown, who appeared for the accused, and who admitted that goods were hoisted by the accused's servants, and that these goods were over the prescribed weight of 3½ tons, as directed by bye-law 44, that the accused was not liable to a penalty under that section, his liability being of a civil and not a criminal nature. It was further contended that if the bye-law intended that if stewards should under that section be held to be personally penally responsible for acts committed by their servants the bye-laws would be unreasonable, and therefore as such invalid, and cited authority to show that if one part of the bye-laws was good and the other bad, the latter might be rejected, and that it was unreasonable to make a person penally responsible and liable for acts committed by others and which he had nothing to do with personally. He argued that any bye-law which was unreasonable became void or invalid. His evidence recorded showed that there was no way of ascertaining by marks or otherwise what the weight of the goods admitted to have been hoisted by the accused was at the time or immediately before hoisting; and further that the accused did not personally assist in the work in the work. It was an established law that a man was not generally criminally responsible for acts committed by his servants, and in the absence of any express direction in section 44 as obtained in sections 43, 46, 49 and 50 of the bye-laws requiring personal superintendence of the steve lore when the goods were being hoisted by the cranes, his Worship did not think he could hold that the accused should be called on to pay a penalty under section 135 of the bye-laws. If it be intended that stevedores soould be penally responsible it might happen that a man at the time of the committal of any offence by one of his servants might be on the high seas, and yet find himself ordered to pay a penalty for the offence. For these reasons his Worship discharged the accused.

BOMBAY SECOND EXTRA MEETING.

SECOND DAY, SATURDAY, 28TH MARCH.

TIME AND ORDER OF RUNNING.

1st Race.—The International, 3-30 p.m.
2nd Race.—The Flat Stakes, 4 p.m.
3rd Race.—The Scurry, 4-30 p.m.
4th Race.—The Bedouins, 5 p.m.
5th Race.—The Summer Stakes, 5-30 p.m.
6th Race.—The Lilliputs, 6 p.m.
7th Race.—The Melbourne Stakes, 6-15 p.m.

PALLONJI NUSSERWANJI,
Assist. Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Bombay, 27th March 1896.

A special train will leave Church Gate, at 2-55 p. m. (local time.)

GARRULOUS BOARDER: For ten years my habits were as regular as clock-work. I rose at the stroke of six; half an hour later I sat down to breakfast, at seven I was at work, dined at twelve; ate supper at six, and was in bed at nine-thirty; ate only hearty food, and wasn't ill a single day.

Sargastic Boarder: Dear me! And what were you in for? (Awful silence!)

THE MOST ALARMING attacks of Gout and Rheumatism may be counted on by a few doses of Hermits Bleurisine and Gout Cure (Rs. 1-8 and Rs. 3 each). Hermits Bleurisine and Gout Cure (Rs. 1-8 and Rs. 3 each). MADON, SONS and Co.

ALLEGED ASSAULT AND INSULT IN A RAILWAY CARRIAGE.

WILLIAM HENRY DAW, foreman of the carriage examiners, yesterday, appeared before Mr. W. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, to answer the charge of insulting and assaulting with intent to outrage the modesty of Mrs. Gulbai Cowasji Lungrana, a second-class passenger by a G. I. P. Railway passenger train. The circumstances under which the charge was preferred by Mr. Thomson, secretary to Mr. G. A. Barnett, Agent of the G. I. P. Ry. Company, have been reported in these columns. Mr. Acworth, solicitor, conducted the prosecution, while Mr. Furdunji Sorabji Taleyarkhan, barrister-at-law, watched the proceedings on behalf of Gulbai, the defence being conducted by Mr. Roughton, of Messrs. Roughton and Byrne, solicitors.

Before the case was proceeded with, Mr. Acworth said that he did not wish to occupy the court's time, but he would like to say a few words with regard to the position of the Railway company. The accused was a servant of the Railway company, and if the complaint made against him was substantiated he would no longer be a servant of the company. The prosecution would place all the facts before the court in an impartial manner. All witnesses and their statements, as they were, would be produced in court, which would show that the prosecution were not acting in a vindictive manner, but were anxious to find out the truth.

Mr. Roughton wished to say a few words with regard to the introductory statement by Mr. Acworth. It would be only fair to the accused to say that the Agent of the G. I. P. Ry. Company had already held a departmental enquiry in regard to the complaint, and not believing it to be true, had not suspended the accused.

Evidence in the case was then gone into.

Mrs. Gulbai Cowasji Lungrana, being examined by Mr. Acworth, said that, on the 24th January, she was coming from Igatpuri to Bombay by the train which left Igatpuri at 10-30 p.m. She travelled by the second-class. About midnight, consisted of two compartments, the door between the two being closed, but not locked. There were two European ladies in her compartment: one was Mrs. Walton and another lady who got out at Kalyan. The next compartment to her knowledge was empty, and she saw no one enter it. Mr. Daw entered her compartment from the next compartment at Kalyan, when the train was in motion. The accused began conversing with Mrs. Walton, and began squeezing the hands and patting the cheeks of that lady. Seeing this, witness rose and sat on the opposite seat. Accused then asked witness if she felt cold, and pressed her hand. He then patted her on the cheek and requested Mrs. Walton to go to the next compartment. Accused then asked witness if she wanted any money. She refused, and accused left the compartment, and went to the adjacent one. Witness and Mrs. Walton rose and shut the door. The train then stopped at Mumbra Station. It was during the first station after Kalyan, witness believed it was Mumbra. Her servant was travelling by third-class in the same train. She got down as soon as the train stopped and shouted out. Two Parsee passengers by the same train inquired what the matter was, and they took her into their third-class carriage. She told them what had happened. She also told the railway guard to arrest the accused, and the guard went into the second-class compartment where accused was. At the next station, when the train stopped, the two Parsees asked Mrs. Walton as to what had taken place. She told them. Mr. Hormusji Sorabji came to the witness. He was sleeping in a compartment, and the two Prsees woke him up. She continued her journey, and finally alighted at Byculla Station.

Cross-examined by Mr. Roughton, witness said she was nineteen years old, and had been married only five months. She could not say if there was a reserved compartment for ladies, but seeing other ladies there, she was under the impression that it was a ladies' compartment. The compartment there was a light; the next compartment had none. The door between the two compartments was opened by the accused, who then entered her compartment. Witness having finished the letter sent by her to the Agent, Mr. Roughton put it in as an exhibit. After accused left her compartment, the central door might have been opened by itself or might have been opened by accused. It was dark, but the seats were fully occupied by the luggage of Mrs. Walton, nor was it true that accused entered the compartment with a view to lower the shutters of the carriage, it being a cool evening. If the guards, the station master at Mumbra, and Mrs. Walton stated that this complaint was not then made at Coorla she could not assert they said what was untrue, but she could say it was true that she did make a complaint at Mumbra.

Mr. Roughton then cross-examined Mrs. Lungrana at some length, pointing out the discrepancies in the letters addressed to the Agent on her behalf complaining about the alleged assault. Witness said that, she being ignorant of the English language, had to depend upon the writers, who must have committed the blunders.

Re-examined by Mr. Acworth, Mrs. Gulbai Langrana said that the three letters were written by a neighbour of hers. She related the facts to him, and he wrote them out in English. The writer had stated that "accused had made an attempt at rape" but she never instructed him to use those word.

Mr. Hormusjee Sorabjee Dubash, an Akbari farmer and merchant, was next examined. He was travelling from Bombay to Bombay on the 24th January, and was a first-class passenger. While the train stopped at Thana, two Parsee gentlemen of Dsolali came to him and woke him up, about 3 or 4 o'clock in the morning. The two Parsees made a statement. He saw Gulbai for the first time. She made a statement and Gulbai said she was insulted. Witness repeated the statement made by Gulbai. At Thana station the guard told the accused that the Parsee lady was making a complaint against him. Witness told the guard not to discuss the matter at Thana, but to enquire into the question at Byculla.

In cross-examination witness said he was prepared to swear it was Thana where the guard was informed of the assault. The accused was asked if the complaint against him was true, and he denied.

The case stands adjourned until Monday.

THE MURDER AT GOWALIA TANK.

MR. ALLAN F. TURNER, the coroner, held an inquiry, yesterday, at the morgue, regarding the death of Saya Babaji, a Hindu multi-millionaire, aged twenty-five years, who was alleged to have been murdered by Gayadeen Ragubindyal, lately a purdasee watchman in the employ of the East Indian Art Manufacturing Company at Gowalia Tank Road. Superintendent McDermott, assisted by Inspector Myrn and Constable Henry Brewin, watched the proceeding on behalf of the police.

Visram Babaji, brother of the deceased, and Bissonnath Gayadeen son of the accused, were first examined, and their evidence was in accordance with the facts stated in our yesterday's issue.

Dr. Sidney Smith, coroner's surgeon, who made an autopsy of the deceased, said that there were two punctured wounds below the left nipple. On opening the body he found extravasated blood between the muscles of the chest and the ribs, and that the left ventricle of the heart was pierced in two places corresponding to the internal punctured wounds. He was of opinion that the death was due to hemorrhage, consequent on the wounds of the heart.

Mr. Hormusjee Shapoorjee Seervai, a partner in the firm of Messrs. Wimbridge and Co., in the East Indian Art Manufacturing Company, said that accused Gayadeen was in their service as a watchman for the last nine years. During the last six months he had noticed that Gayadeen was strange in his manners. In October last, a maistree foreman carpenter in the factory, named Ragoonath, was sent by witness in company of seven other carpenters to Calcutta to do some work for them, and that ever since the maistree had disappeared. Accused and a man, named Morarji, were sent in search of the maistree to Calcutta, but on their return at Gazipoora, Morarji sent a telegram to the witness, stating that accused had taken ill and wished to return to Bombay. On the 17th October last, Gayadeen and Morarji returned to Bombay, and since their arrival here Gayadeen showed symptoms of insanity, when Hormusjee sent him to his cousin, Dr. Hormusjee N. Seervai in whose treatment Gayadeen remained for about six weeks. In December last, Gayadeen told Mr. Hormusjee three or four persons were after him (Gayadeen), and that they wanted to kill him. He also told witness that one of the persons, in the shape of a serpent, was in the Gowalia Tank. A week ago Gayadeen went to Mr. Hormusjee's house, and said that he and his son wanted to go to their native country, whereupon witness paid them their fare. Lass week Bissonnath, son of accused, called at witness' house and told witness that his father had not gone to his native country, as stated, but was still in Bombay. On Thursday morning, at 4 o'clock, Gayadeen for the second time called at witness' bungalow and repeated the strange statements to Mrs. Seervai, and begged of her to lock him up in a room as three or four persons were still after him for his life. She informed her husband of what Gayadeen had said, when witness kept him in his room in the compound of the factory.

The coroner having briefly summed up the evidence, the jury brought in an unanimous verdict of wilful murder.

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Superintendent McDermott charged accused Gayadeen before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with the murder of Saya Babaji. The case was remanded.

UNDELIVERED TELEGRAMS.

THE following is a list of messages remaining undelivered in the Central Telegraph Office, Bombay, during the week ending the 26th March:—

Station from	Address in full as received.
Sorrent	Buck.
Catel	Pearson, care of Messrs King King and Co.
Lucknow	J Barry, Esq.
Rawalpindi	J Barry, Esq. Bookmaker.
Lucknow Combd...	Colonel Little, Watson's Hotel.
London	Spembelo, Watson's Hotel.
Kengtung	F W Trydell, Esq.
Colombo	Talukchund.
Feroospore	Miss Lawrence, Taylor's Hotel, Fort.
Karachi	Frank D'Cruze, St John's Hill.
Chingleput	Mr. Harris, Esq. 29 English Hotel.
Madras Sowcarpet.	Messrs Bloomsberry and Co. Meadow Street.

In the *Sketch*, Emily Soldene tells of co book-seller's window which she came across in San Francisco, round which a crowd had gathered. "The Works and Portraits of Robert Louis Stevenson," proclaimed a placard all illuminated and embossed with red and purple and green and gold. In the centre of the display was an odd-looking document—a letter of Stevenson's, in Stevenson's own handwriting. Many people stood and read, then turned away, said and sorrowful-looking. "Poor fellow," said one woman. "But he's all right now, I guess he's got more than he asked for." This is the document:—

I think now, this 5th or 6th of April, 1873, that I can see my future life. I think it will run stiller and stiller year by year, a very quiet, desultorily studious existence, if God only gives me tolerable health, I think now I shall be very happy: work and silence calm the mind, and stop gnawing in the brain; and I am glad to say that I do now recognise that I shall as never be a great man, I may set myself peacefully on a smaller journey, not without hope of coming to the inn before night fall.

O dass mein Leben,
Nach diesem Ziel sin ewig Wandeln sey!

That the other fellow's wrong.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE BUDRUDIN TYABJEE.

THE UMERKHADI AND COLABA SEWERAGE WORKS.

BULKLEY AND CO. VS. P. C. H. SNOW AND THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

THE plaintiffs, well-known engineers, brought this suit to have it declared that the withdrawal of the Umerkhadi and Colaba Drainage Works, undertaken by them, was in violation of the contract between the parties and was illegal. That the defendants be ordered to pay to the plaintiffs the sums of Rs. 76,382-8-4 and Rs. 51,344-3-3, or such other sums as shall be found due to the plaintiffs on an account being taken. That the defendants be ordered to pay a further sum of Rs. 38,829 in respect of the Colaba contract, and a sum of Rs. 37,333 in respect of the Umerkhadi contract, or other sum, as damages suffered by the plaintiffs through loss of reputation and loss incurred through the extra cost of the work done by the plaintiffs owing to the non-payment of monies due to the plaintiffs. That the amount of interest due upon the Government promissory notes deposited as security by the plaintiffs may be ascertained and that the defendants may be ordered to pay the same to the plaintiffs. Mr. Scott, Mr. Lowndes, and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, appeared for the plaintiffs; and Mr. Inverarity with Mr. Raikes, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Burder, and Bayley, appeared for the defendants.

The cross-examination of Mr. T. A. Bulkley by Mr. Inverarity was continued. Before he tendered for the Colaba contract, he did not remember comparing the terms of the contract with the Queen's Road contract. (Is shown a letter.) Having regard to this letter, witness said he must have made the comparison. Each time after he returned to India, witness destroyed the correspondence between him and Mr. Cole, which

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows: Not exceeding 2 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

FOR SALE.—Julius Bluthner's Orchestral Overstrung Upright Grand PIANO, Steel frame and metal wrest-plank Trichord, 7½ octaves, with patent damper action. Specially built for India. A Beautiful and Sweet-toned Piano, cost Rs. 1,350 (a specially built piano) offered second-hand, for Rs. 800. For inspection apply to WALTER PROCTER, 28 Apollo Street, above Messrs. McAfee and Gordon, Fort, Bombay.

INDIAN ART WARES, for SALE at the REAY ART WORKSHOPS, near the Crawford Markets, Show-room, open daily.

PHILLIPS and Co.'s great Remedy for Sea Sickness TRAVELLERS Restorative SALINE, Home ward-bound please note. Price Re. 1-4. Bombay and Poona.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED. —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable Rates from BURJORJI PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

TEA KETTLES, in Copper or Brass with Spirit Lamp for the table or floor.—LAMP WAREHOUSE, R. DITMAR, 69, Esplanade Road.

GREAT BARGAINS.—Clearance Sale of Surplus Stock of JOHN ROBERTS and Company, consisting of Crockery, Glassware, Plated ware, Tapestry, Furniture, etc., at 103, Medows Street, opposite Oriental Bank Buildings.

WITH THE CHANGE OF SEASON.—Take PHILLIP and Co.'s Restorative Saline, you will be less liable to the influence of the change. Re. 14. Bombay.

BONA-FIDE SALE of Mr. W. Crowder's Furniture, Piano, Landau, Horse, etc., at Nesbit Road, Mazagon, THIS DAY, at 1 P. M.

DANTRA'S Pure Ground MOCCA COFFEE, per lb. Re. 1-4. This Coffee is Daily roasted and ground from Genuine Mocca Berries in the latest pattern Closed Cylinders by experienced hands under our Own Supervision, and immediately packed in Air-tight tins, the fine Aroma is preserved. Its unrivalled purity, freedom from any admixture, richness in flavour, full strength, and uniform quality distinguish it from other Coffees sold in the market. The rapid and increasing demand it has obtained since its introduction is a sufficient proof of its superior quality and moderate price.—N. B. DANTRA and Co., Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

OPERA and FIELD GLASSES.—Possessing the Maximum of Power and Penetration. Acute definition, clear vision. The distances of objects viewed through our glasses are produced 30 per cent. and consequently magnify in proportion. Prices from Rs. 16.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Opticians, Bombay and Poona.

MAHABLESHWAR, Babington Road, UNION LODGE TO LET, furnished for Two Large Families. Apply B. N. MERCHANT, Erances' Wady, Mazagon.

TO BE LET.—From 1st April, the airy and commodious, upper floor of the Round Ice House, in Apollo Street. Apply to E. W. FLOWER.

LANOWLI.—TO LET, two-storeyed, WELL-FURNISHED HOUSE, Eight Rooms, for the hot weather. Apply "ZETA," care of this Office.

PALI HILL, BANDORA.—TO LET, BUNGALOW, facing Westerly Sea, recently occupied by Mr. Howse. Apply HORMUSJEE, care of Messrs. Chalk, Walker, and Smetham, Solicitors, Church Gate Street.

TO LET, at Panchgani, MARY and ALBERT COTTAGES. Season Rent to end of June, Rs. 250 each. FLORA COTTAGE, Rs. 300. All well situated and furnished. Apply to S. HIGGINS, Panchgani.

FURNISHED BUNGALOW WANTED for six months in Marine Lines or near Fort. Address "B 42," care of this Office.

WANTED, for a recently established Hospital for women at Rajnagar, Durbhanga, a qualified Lady Doctor. Particulars apply to Raja Rameshwar Singh, Bahadur, Rajnagar, Durbhanga, enclosing copies of recent Testimonials, and stating qualifications, experience, &c.

WANTED Good JOBBING COMPOSITORS. Apply "Gazette" Printing Works, Armenian Lane.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE for Ladies or Gentlemen, conveniently situated in a central and healthy part of the Fort. Ventilation and sanitary arrangements pronounced by Medical men to be excellent. A lift now in course of erection. A few cool and airy rooms available, good table and cleanliness guaranteed. Apply Mrs. Russell, top floor of No. 32, Hornby Road, above Messrs. Whiteaway and Laidlaw.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.— I have resided in the Alexandra Hotel for a short time, viz., 10 days. Before I stayed at the Royal Hotel, Lazarus, the same Proprietor, Mr. Pestonji, I always found every kindness, best of attention, civility from servants, and not cannot find words to express how highly I think of (Sd.) A. J. FITZHERBERT, formerly Pro., Byculla Club.

MATHERAN, RUGBY HOTEL, Matheran.—Is the most comfortable and by far the largest Hotel in Matheran. The Gymkhana, the Church and other places are close by. The Rooms are bright, airy, commodious and open to westerly breeze. Terms moderate.

TAYLOR'S FAMILY HOTEL.—Near Byculla Railway Station.—One of the Best in Bombay.—First-class Table, Best of wines and spirits supplied. Complete suites of apartments, airy and comfortable. For Terms Apply to the MANAGER.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

OUR ADDRESS not needed. Our name is a house-hold word. The sound of "MERRY SINGER" is sung in every household. We are known in India, Ceylon and Burmah and all throughout the world as SINGER, the Sole Manufacturers for SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.

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AGENTS WANTED.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 27.

THE commercial week now under notice has been shortened by native holidays, for which the Banks and some of the markets have been closed for two days. There has, however, been rather more doing in our principal export staple on both directions, on about the basis of previous rates; but in Wheat and Seeds transactions have been upon the usual small to moderate scale, with no movement in prices except in the case of Linseed which has again declined in value. Rates of Exchange have fluctuated to the extent of 1-16d. during the week, but the course of the market has been upward upon the whole, and our closing quotations are that much higher for Bank Bills and 3-32d. for Credits than they ruled last Friday evening. Money has become scarce again, and is in active request. Government Paper is 3-16ths per cent. lower than it was a week ago. Freights have been dull and depressed, and a further decline in rates for tonnage in all positions, has taken place. There has been a fair demand for Imports, and prices generally are unchanged.

MONEY.—The better enquiry for Money for the purposes of trade which was noticeable in the market last week was illustrated by the weekly Statement of the Presidency Bank issued on Tuesday for Monday (which was a Hindu holiday), the Cash Balance on Friday evening, when the Bank closed for the native holidays, having shown a diminution of 11¼ lakhs, at 149¼ lakhs, compared with an addition of some 40 lakhs in the week preceding; and an increase in trade requirements of 23¾ lakhs, as against a falling off of 52¼ lakhs in the same comparison. The principal item in the Return which went to produce this change was Private Deposits, from which there were considerable withdrawals last week, and Bills Discounted, to which there was a material addition, as against an increase and a decrease, respectively, in the previous week. The depletion of the Bank's Balance from the causes mentioned, however, was met by a large increase in Government Deposits at the Bank's branches, and a smaller addition at the head office, aggregating 25 lakhs.

Meantime Money has become scarce again and in active request; but the Presidency Bank's rates have not been raised, and the minimum remains at 7 per cent.

EXCHANGE.—At re-opening on Tuesday morning after the native holidays the market was quiet in tone at 1s. 2 5-16d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 2 13-32d. for three months' sight Credits. Rates at first gave way on account of large purchases by the Bazaar; but later on quotations having come firm from outside, and re-sales from other quarters having come into the market, they closed firm. On Wednesday rates opened with a quiet feeling at 1s. 2 5-16d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s 2 7-16d. for three months' sight Credits. The enquiry for Bank Paper was very limited, and re-sales having come out to some extent, rates hardened, and at the close were steady to firm. Yesterday rates opened steady at 1s. 2 3-8d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 2 15-32d. for three months' sight Credits, and a fair amount of Telegraphic was reported to have been sold to the bazaar. Of Merchants' Bills also a fair amount was reported to have been placed at 1s. 2 7-16d. for April, and 1s. 2 3-8d. for May delivery. The market opened this morning with a quiet feeling at 1s. 2 5-16d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 2 7-16d. for three months' sight Credits. The latter have been scarce and have been placed at 1s. 2 13-32d. during the day to a moderate extent; and for Bank Paper the enquiry has been limited, a moderate amount also being reported at 1s. 2 11-32d., the market closing steady as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	...	1s. 2 5-16d.
Do. Telegraphic	...	1s. 2 5-16d.
Do. 3 months' sight	...	1s. 2 11-32d.
Do. 4 do.	...	1s. 2 3-8d.
Do. 6 do.	...	1s. 2 7-16d.
Credits 3 do.	...	1s. 2 7-16d.
„ 6 do.	...	1s. 2 15-32d.
Documents 3 do.	...	1s 2 15-32d.
„ 6 do.	...	1s. 2¼d.
Francs 3 do.	...	1-52
„ 6 do.	...	1-52½

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—The market was steady on re-opening on Tuesday, at the enhanced rate of 108 5-16 both for Cash and the Settlement at the end of this month, and close in the same position. On Wednesday rates opened at a decline of about 1-8 from the previous day's closing prices, 108 3-16 for Cash and the coming Settlement, with 108 1-16 for the April Account, were named throughout the day in a quiet market, and quotations left off on the same level. Yesterday the market was weak and declining, and rates receded to 107 7-8 for Cash, 107 15-16 for the coming settling day, and 107 7-8 for the April Account; but by the close an improvement had taken place, and about 1/8 per cent. higher was quoted on these rates. To-day the feeling has been weak, though steady at the decline which has been established, closing rates this evening being 107 13-16 for cash, the near settlement, and the next account.

Municipal 5 per cent. Loan is 2 per cent. higher at 130. Port Trust Bonds have declined 1¼ per cent., say, to 106¼.

SHARES.—This market has been opened for only four days out of the past week and only a moderate amount of business in the aggregate has transpired. In the principal line of Cotton Mill Scrip we report the following changes since last Friday evening, say, an advance of Rs. 75, in Manockjee Petit Mill shares; of Rs. 50, in Sholapore; of Rs. 40 each, in Britania, and Central India; of Rs. 25, in Queen; of Rs. 20, in Morarji Goculdas; of Rs. 10 each, in Khatau Makunji, Lukhmidas, and Oriental; of Rs. 7½, in Swadeshi; and a decline of Rs. 40, in City of Bombay; of Rs. 10 each, in Hindustan Hyderabad, and Sassoon; in Press Bombay Cotton, are Rs. 5 higher; and Munmar, Rs. 2½; and Surat City, Rs. 5 lower; in miscellaneous shares, Bombay-Burma have declined Rs. 50, in the first issue; Rs. 30 in the second; and Alcock Ashdown, Rs. 17; while Delhi and Northern India Flour, have advanced Rs. 3.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—There has been a fair demand for staple *Grey Goods* during the week, and prices generally are nominally unchanged. There is more or less mutual mistrust amongst buyers and sellers owing to the failures which have resulted from the March Cotton settlement. In *Bleached, Dyed, Turkey Red,* and *Printed* Goods only a small amount of business has taken place, at current rates. For *Locally-made Goods* the feeling is very dull, and prices are slowly drooping. The total Clearances of *Imported Goods* from the Bazaar during the week have been about 4,100 packages; and of Local Goods some 2,000 packages.

YARNS.—The market for *Imported Twist* is unchanged, a moderate amount of business having transpired during the past week at previous rates. From China, sales of about 7,500 bales of *Bombay Spinnings* are reported during the fortnight ending last Tuesday morning, and rates at Hongkong have been maintained at their previous level; but Exchange on Bombay has been quoted at Rs. 186. China buyers here have operated more freely than before, and although there have been no marked improvement, rates show a hardening tendency. The week's Sales have aggregated about 6,000 bales, and the market closed brisk and advancing at the following official quotations:—

Twist.....	No. 6s	Mule,	As.	4 3-8	to	4 5-8 per lb
„	„ 8s	„	„	4¼	„	4½ „
„	„ 10s	„	„	4⅝	„	5¼ „
„	„ 12s	„	„	4 7-8	„	5 3-8 „
„	„ 16s	„	„	5 7-8	„	6 1-8 „
„	„ 20s	„	„	6 1-8	„	6 3-8 „
„	„ 24s	„	„	6½	„	6 7-8 „
„	„ 30s	„	„	7 1-8	„	7 3-8 „
„	„ 40s	„	„	8¼	„	8¼ „

METALS.—There has been a decline of 8 annas in the price of *Copper* and of 4 annas in *Yellow Metal*; both markets having been steady at the reduced rates, with a moderate business passing. *Iron* has also been in moderate request and is steady at previous quotations.

COAL.—On account of the high rates asked by sellers, the business done during the past week has been upon a very small scale, and the market closes steady to firm, with quotations unsettled.

EXPORTS.

COTTON has been steady in tone throughout the week on about the basis of previous rates, a slight advance in prices on Monday having latterly been lost. There has been on most days, a moderate demand both from exporters and local spinners, the purchases in each direction having aggregated about 8,000 bales, consisting of Oomrawattee and Dhollera-Bhownugger descriptions, Bengal, Dharwar, Broach, and Ginned Compta. The arrival market has been much disturbed this week by the advent of the settling day for forward contracts in Broach and other Cotton, native "bull" spectators in which have sustained heavy losses consequent on the fall in prices, and a number of failures have resulted. This evening the market closed steady with prices Re. 1 to Rs. 4 per candy lower than they ruled a week ago.

The Receipts of Cotton of this season's crop into Bombay during the past week have been 80,500 bales, compared with 66,000 bales to hand in the week preceding, and 51,500 bales in the corresponding week last year; and the scenes in arrivals of new Cotton this season as against last, now stands at 695,000 bales.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool via Canal, without Commission, viz.:—

Cotton—		Per candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal, Fine	...	Rs.	169—3 1-16d.
Do. Fully Good	...	„	153—2 13-16d.
Do. Good	...	„	145—2 11-16d.
Salatee, Fine	...	„	177—3 3-16d.
Do. Fully Good	...	„	167—3 1-32d.
Khandeish, Fully Good	...	„	173—3 3-32d.
Oomra, Fully Good	...	„	194—3 5-16d.
Dhollera, Fine	May	„	20—3 19-32d.
Do. Fully Good	„	„	192—3 15-32d.
Do. Good	„	„	185—3 11-32d.
S ti Dharwar, Good	„	„	198—3 9-16d.
Westerns	„	„	190—3 7-16d.
Broach, Fine	April	„	205—3 5-8d.
Do. Good	„	„	202—3 19-32d.

The Arrivals of New Cotton into Bombay this season as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season 1895-96. F. P. Bales.	Season 1894-95. F. P. Bales.
Bengals	264,000	114,000
Berar	312,000	150,000
Khandeish	239,500	154,500
Barsi and Nugger	69,000	26,200
Hingunghat	13,500	800
Persian and Sind	29,500	10,500
Broach	133,500	3,800
Dhollera	131,500	37,700
	1,192,500	497,500

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1896. Bales.	1895. Bales.	1894. Bales.
For the week	82,598	57,145	54,942
From 1st Jan. to 26th March	780,314	443,356	712,515
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	15,490	1,013	18,079
From 1st Jan. to 26th March	281,312	86,185	308,297
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	927	731	86
From 1st Jan. to 26th March	88,817	29,215	25,195

WHEAT.—On days when this market has been open during the past week, a moderate export business has been reported, and the feeling has been steady throughout; but no movement has taken place in sales, and the following are still our quotations:—

White Peasy, 91 per cent.	Rs.	4-10-0	per cwt.
Do do. 85 „	„	4-9-0	„
No. 1 Club Delhi	„	4-9-0	„
Red Delhi	„	4-8-0	„
Hard Yellow	„	4-0-0	„
Red Ahmedabad	„	4-8-0	„
Hard Red	„	3-9-6	„

SEEDS have also been taken to a moderate extent for shipment, in a generally steady market, and prices have shown on quotable change excepting those for *Linseed* which have declined 3 annas per cwt. during the week, our closing quotations this evening being as follows:—

Linseed	Rs.	6 10 0	to Rs.	6 12 0	per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Gunorat	„	7 0 0	to „	7 1 0	„
Do. do Cawnpore	„	6 4 0			„
Do. Red do.	„	6 0 0	to „	6 2 0	„
Gingelly, White	„	40 0 0	to „	41 0 0	„
Do. Mixed	„	37 0 0	to „	38 0 0	„

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1896. cwts.	1895. cwts.	1894. cwts.
Wheat for the week	130,648	94,828	57,282
Do. from 1st Jan. to 26th March	1,012,163	767,186	921,827
Linseed for the week	214,509	138,400	271,725
Do. from 1st Jan. to 26th March	1,425,862	1,123,706	1,972,130
Rapeseed for the week	35,505	82,526	66,253
Do. from 1st Jan. to 26th March	138,912	364,145	545,859
Gingellyseed for the week	33,363	38,089	14,957
Do. from 1st Jan. to 26th March	663,266	537,615	587,427

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1896. cwts.	1895. cwts.	1894. cwts.
Wheat for the week	63,666	7,216	.....
Do. from 1st Jan. to 26th March	221,203	138,877	638,722
Linseed for the week	139,519	105,528	139,384
Do. from 1st Jan. to 26th March	669,972	668,185	1,093,103
Rapeseed for the week	9,281	16,063	17,354
Do. from 1st Jan. to 26th March	245,432	273,557	389,913
Gingellyseed for the week	22,884	19,159	.....
Do. from 1st Jan. to 26th March	654,754	554,822	500,322

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

MARCH 27.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran perfect. Via Turkey, interrupted. Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, interrupted. Via Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect. Via Bhamo perfect.

AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz-Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon St. Vincent, perfect.

Turkish route right to Baadad. Interrupted beyond.

Madagascar and Reunion mail closes at Zanzibar at noon on Saturday, the 28th instant, and at Mauritius at noon on Monday, the 30th instant.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Latest dates of foreign messages, received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 27th March, 1896.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...
Teheran	27	2	25 p.m.	...	14
Suez	27	3	...	...	6

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. of the 27th March, 1896.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	0	...	3
„ Karachi	...	11	...	4
„ Madras	...	28	...	1

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

(Open 1,490½ Miles.)

The following is the Statement of Traffic for week ending 21st March, 1896:—

	Coaching Traffic. Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic. Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated).	Total Earnings.
Total — Corresponding week last year. Open 1,490 Miles	Rs. 1,97,635	Rs. 6,30,444	Rs. 7,269	Rs. 8,35,348
	...	...	...	7,90,824
Increase				Rs. 44,524

GODHRA-RUTLAM RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th March, 1896 on 115·10 Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings [estimated.]	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	3,000	19,800	30	22,830
Or per mile of Railway	26	172	.....	198
For previous 10 weeks of half-year	33,744	1,86,309	809	2,20,862
Total for 11 weeks	36,744	2,06,109	839	2,43,492
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	2,528	13,082	33	15,649
Per mile of Ry. do.	22	113	.....	135
Total to corresponding date do.	31,355	1,98,687	957	2,28,979
Increase for the week				Rs. 7,181
Ditto to date				„ 14,513

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

CONTENTS:—

1 DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES—HOMEWARD MAILS FROM BOMBAY—OUTWARD MAILS FROM EUROPE—HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.
2-3-4-5 THE WEEK.
6 BOMBAY AND PRESIDENCY—Salvationist Veracity.
7-8 SPORTING NEWS: Ladies' Golf Match—Bombay Gymkhana—Punjab Frontier Force Polo Tournament—Royal Bombay Yacht Club—Bombay Races—Kirkee Gymkhana—Bombay Rifle Club.
8-9 Lord Sandhurst's Treat to School Children—Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute.
10 Reviews—The Thakore of Wadhwan.
11 Amalgamated Meeting of Temperance Societies—Double Execution at the County Jail—The Extraordinary Death of a Missionary.
12 The Dwellings of the Poor in Bombay—Goa News.
13-14 LEADING ARTICLES: Army Manœuvres in India—The Sanitary Commissioner's Report—The Provincial Contracts—The Gold Supply of the World and Indian Exchange.
15 LEADING ARTICLES: The Soudanese Trouble—Baluchistan Affairs.
16 Wholesale Conversion at Khulna—MILITARY NEWS—Alleged Extortion and Robbery of a Secretaria Writer.
17 Annual Meeting of the Bombay S. P. C. A.
18 The Fort High School—Municipal Standing Committee.
19 Speculation in Cotton—The Bombay Light Horse—Destructive Fire at Dhoraji—The Supreme Legislative Council—High Court. (Appellate Side.)
20 Sad Death of Captain Poulter—Arrival of H. M.'s Troopship Malabar—On the Baroda College Field—Indian Crop Prospects—Passengers by the Messageries Maritimes Co.'s s. s. Ocsanion.
21 Volunteering in India—The Ghazi Outrage in the Tochi—BENGAL—MADRAS.
22 N.-W. PROVINCES, OUDH, AND PUNJAB—BURMA—MISCELLANEOUS.
23-24 OFFICIAL GAZETTES—Bombay Command Orders—Bombay Government Orders—Government of India Orders—Provincial Gazettes—SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE—Home Remittances.
25 Railway Traffic Returns—Bank of Bombay—Bank of Bengal.
26 ADVERTISEMENTS.
Commercial Intelligence—Bombay Market Report—Bombay Bank and Stock List—Bombay Price Current.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

DALAL—March 26, at "Jeh

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE EGYPTIAN CRISIS.

PROTEST OF THE FRENCH AND RUSSIAN DELEGATES.

LONDON, MARCH 27.

The Caisse de la Dette has voted half-a-million towards the Dongola Expedition.

The Russian and French delegates opposed the vote and lodged a protest, after which they withdrew.

The French Bondholders Committee immediately instituted an action against the Caisse.

THE *TIMES* ON THE FRANCO-RUSSIAN PROTEST.

The *Times* says that the persistence of France and Russia in their protest against the use of the Egyptian Reserve Fund for the Dongola Expedition cannot alter the course of events, and that if Great Britain furnishes the money the result will be to increase her moral and material stake in Egypt.

THE PORTE AND THE NILE EXPEDITION.

A very friendly exchange of views has taken place between Lord Salisbury and the Turkish Ambassador, regarding the Egyptian Expedition to Dongola.

THE LIVERPOOL GRAND NATIONAL.

The following is the result of the race for the Liverpool Grand National :—

The Soarer	1
Father O'Flynn	2
Biscuit	3

DENIAL OF A *TIMES* STATEMENT.

The statement made by the *Times*, that Mr. Chamberlain had demanded of President Kruger an immediate reply to his last despatch, is devoid of foundation.

SERIOUS RISING IN MATABELELAND.

Reuter's correspondent at Capetown, in a telegram of yesterday's date, states that a rising has taken place in Matabeleland in the Inseza and Filabusi districts, and that a number of whites have been massacred, including Mr. Bentley, a Native Commissioner.

The whites are flocking into Buluwayo and Gwelo for protection.

Seventy-five volunteers with a maxim gun have been despatched to the scene of action.

SHARP FIGHT NEAR BULUWAYO.

LATER.

Later news from Matabeleland states that a mounted patrol had a sharp fight with the Matabeles, five miles from Buluwayo, yesterday.

INCOME-TAX FOR FRANCE.

PARIS, MARCH 26.

The Chamber of Deputies have voted the principle of the income-tax, and are referring the details back to the Budget Committee.

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, MARCH 26.

The P. and O. Co's *s. s.* Victoria, with English mails of the 20th instant, left here, at 5 p. m., to-day.

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, MARCH 27.

Indian Medical Service—Surgeon-Lieutenant Bakhle, just arrived from England, is posted to General Duty, Deesa District.

Surgeon-Lieutenant Kukday, just arrived from England, is posted to General Duty, Poona District.

The undermentioned officers are qualified for promotion to the rank of Lieutenant :—

1st Battalion Wiltshire Regiment—Second-Lieutenants T. Roche, H. A. Douglas, C. A. Law, and W. S. Mackenzie.

The General Court Martial, convened by Bombay Command Order, No. 142, of the 7th instant, of which Brevet-Colonel Leckie was president, is dissolved.

Under instructions received from the War Office, it is notified that Captain Dubas, Southern Division, R. A., has been appointed Instructor in Gunnery at Bombay.

Captain Cockburn, R. A., has been appointed Adjutant and Instructor in Gunnery at Karachi, *vice* Captain Richardson, ordered to proceed to Barrackpore.

Under instructions from the War Office, Lieutenant Crosthwaite, 2nd Battalion Durham Light Infantry, is directed to proceed to England, for duty at the Regimental Depot, *vice* Lieutenant Robertson Glasgow, retired.

The undermentioned Warrant Officer is granted leave to proceed out of India, on medical certificate, the leave to have effect in India from date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing, the specified period to count from date of leaving India :—Conductor Lonergan, Ordnance Department, for one year.

The undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officer have leave of absence :—

Royal Artillery—Second-Lieutenant Thompson, No. 3 Company, Eastern Division, six months, on private affairs, out of India.

Commandant, Deolali Depot—Lieutenant-Colonel FitzHerbert, British Service, six months, on medical certificate, out of India.

Under Article 704, R. A., Vol. I., Part 1, with the approval of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, Captain Lecky, R. A., Aide-de-Camp to his Excellency the Lieutenant-General, Commanding the Bombay Forces, is granted eight months from the 4th April, 1896, on private affairs, in or out of India.

With the approval of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, Colonel Heath, 10th Bombay Light Infantry, is granted an extension till the 11th of September, on private affairs, by the Secretary of State for India.

Lieutenant-Colonel Ternan, 12th Bombay Infantry, is granted an extension of four months, on private affairs, by the Secretary of State for India.

Lieutenant Rooke, 5th Bombay Cavalry, is granted an extension of six months, on medical certificate, by the Secretary of State for India.

Lieutenant-Colonel Walker, 13th Bombay Infantry, is granted an extension of three days, on private affairs, by the Secretary of State for India.

Captain Kettlewell, 22nd Bombay Infantry, is granted an extension of sixty-nine days, on private affairs, by the Secretary of State.

Captain Hatch, 29th Bombay Infantry, is granted an extension of fifteen days, on private affairs, by the Secretary of State for India.

Lieutenant Da Costa, 5th Bombay Cavalry, is granted an extension of three months, on medical certificate, by the Secretary of State for India.

Ordnance Department.—Conductor Ford is granted an extension till October 8th, on medical certificate, by the Secretary of State for India.

2nd Middlesex Regiment—Quartermaster and Honorary Captain Miller, is granted leave pending retirement, on private affairs, out of India, in extension of the leave granted in Bombay Army Order, No. 147, of 1895.

DEATH OF KHAN BAHADUR FRAMJI ARDESIR.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

BELGAUM, MARCH 27.

Khan Bahadur Framji Ardesir, of Ahmednagar fame, died, to-day, at Ahmednagar. The deceased gentleman was held in high esteem both by Europeans and Natives alike for the good qualities of his head and heart.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, MARCH 26.

The Anchor Line steamer Armenia left here, for Bombay, yesterday evening.

ADEN, MARCH 27.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Dunera left here yesterday evening.

The Bombay-Japan Line steamer Muke Maru arrived at Hongkong on the 26th instant.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MARCH 26.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet.

Good Dholleras	3 9-16

The Manchester market has been quiet but steady.

2½ per cents. Consols	109-13-16
3 per cent. Rentes	101?
3 per cent. Sterling Loan	119½
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper	94 1-8
Bar Silver	31½

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday, show the following results:—Total Bullion, £28,700,000, decrease £400,000; Public Deposits, £10,700,000, decrease £500,000; Other Deposits, £25,700,000, decrease £400,000; Other Securities, £25,700,000, decrease £100,000; Notes and Gold, £20,000, decrease £900,000. The Bank's Reserve [illegible] cent. of the Liabilities.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 27.

Home Department—Sir F. W. R. Fryer, Chief Commissioner, Burma, is granted privilege leave for three months and fifteen days. Mr. D. M. Smeaton will officiate.

Mr. M. L. Ferraz is permitted to resign H. M.'s Indian Civil Service.

The services of Captain G. H. Watson are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal for employment as Cantonment Magistrate.

The services of Major Roberts are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment as Cantonment Magistrate.

The services of Mr. Hosking, I.C.S., are replaced temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

The services of Lieutenant A. K. Hudson are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Burma, for employment as Assistant Commandant, Burma Military Police.

Her Majesty the Queen has been pleased to appoint Nubar Pasha an Honorary K. C. S. I.

Foreign Department—Mr. H. C. Clogstoun is granted furlough for nine months.

Major Pears is granted special leave for six months.

Lieutenant-Colonel Fraser is granted furlough for one year.

Major Temple is granted furlough for two years.

Captain Cox is appointed Inspecting Officer, Rajputana Imperial Service Infantry, *vice* Conran.

Captain Crawford is appointed D.A.A.G. for Musketry.

Surgeon-Major Crofts is granted furlough for one year.

Lieutenant-Colonel Gaisford is posted as Deputy Commissioner, Thal Chotiali, and Political Agent, Singawi and Railway Districts.

Major MacIvor is appointed to officiate as Resident, Gwalior.

Lieutenant-Colonel Vincent is appointed to officiate as Political Agent, Bikanir.

Captain Pinhey is appointed to officiate as Political Agent, Baghelkhand.

Major Herbert is granted furlough for seven months.

Surgeon-Major Harrington is granted furlough for eight months.

Finance and Commerce Department—Mr. H. M. Kisch, Postmaster-General, is granted six months' leave on private affairs. Mr. Sheridan will officiate.

P. W. Department—Mr. Elston and Lieutenant Muter are transferred to Burma, for employment on the Railways.

Lieutenant-Colonel Thurburn is promoted to be Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, as a temporary rank.

THE GODAVERY BRIDGE.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

NASIK, MARCH 27.

A large and influential meeting of the Nasik public was held at the Native gymkhana to express regret at the stopping of the Godavery bridge work, and to request Government to continue the work to its end. Mr. Matangay presided. Resolutions to the effect were passed, and a Committee appointed to move in the matter.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

MARRYAT LAWN-TENNIS CHALLENGE CUP.

It is a pity that some of the players did not take advantage of the lull in the weather on Thursday. The evening was a comparatively quiet one, and very favourable to playing off some of the remaining ties in the first round for this cup. None, however, of the competitors appear to have been prepared for such a favourable change ; and, consequently, no match was played. Last evening, one other tie in the first round was played off—the players being Messrs. Boggs and Cheetham, and the result a win for Cheetham. Sets 6-4 and 6-4. The evening was one of the gustiest and dustiest that we have had for some time, and consequently the play was not up to expectation. It is impossible to play with any amount of precision when every now and again the ball is being retarded in, or driven from, its course by a fierce gust of wind, and at the same time the players having to contend against the blinding dust. Play began rather late, and at the commencement Boggs (the popular honorary secretary for Lawn-Tennis) took the lead, but did not keep it long, Cheetham gradually creeping up, passing him, and finally winning. During an occasional lull some very fair rallies were played ; but neither player came up to the form, which—judging by past play—was expected of him, thus leaving a feeling of disappointment amongst the spectators. There is no doubt that had this match been played on Thursday, a much better game would have been witnessed. To-day being the last day for the first round the remaining ties will be played off. Binning having scratched only two remain, namely—

A. J. Brooks vs. F. O. Wyatt
J. C. Brooks vs. W. Reid.

We can only hope in the interests of both players and spectators, more particularly the former, that the evening will be a quiet one.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAILS.

THE P. and O. Co.'s *s. s.* Sutlej, Captain A Symons, will sail to-day for London and Brindisi, with the English mails and the following passengers :—

FOR LONDON.

Anderson, Mr G C
Andrade, Senhor A and Secretary
Bate, Miss
Barker, Mrs L A
Boyd, Mrs
Brooks Mrs and infant
Bulfin, Capt F E
Campenett, Mr A
Dipper, Mr and Mrs
Donald, Mr J S
Down, Miss
Dott, Mr E W
Fraser, Mr
Feltham, Mrs W P
Fane, Capt V B
Goodall, Mr H B
Hopkins, Mrs and infant
Hunt, Miss
Jones, Miss Gill
Johnstone, Mr and Mrs
Leftwick, Capt F
Lanargan, Mr
Macleod, Capt and Mrs W R
Pratt, Miss
Proctor, Mrs and infant
Rogers, Miss
Webb, Mr and Mrs G R
Winchley, Mr and Mrs C, 2 infants and son
Wood, Mr Leigh
Mrs Carpenter's child

FOR BRINDISI.

Barges, Mr P
Cole, Mr W H
Gurney, Mr Nigel
Kitchen, Mr
Margary, Miss and Sister
Meiklejohn, Mr
Neher, Mr J
Paton, Mr A
Paton, Mr and Miss
Sarasin, Mr P E
Steel, Mr R
Smith, Mrs
Smith, Capt G B
Subcondiere, Mr
Yatsui, Mr

FOR ISMAILIA.—Farmer, Mr H H.

The following passages have been engaged :—

Per s s Peninsular, Capt R F Briscoe, 4th April, 1896.

For London—Mr and Mrs Rogers ; Miss E Malony ; Miss Malony ; Mr Malony ; Lieut-Col and Mrs St J Gore ; Mr and Mrs A F Graham and infant ; Mr and Mrs J Conder ; Col, Mrs and Miss Jamieson ; Mr and Mrs Pears ; Mrs Forbes ; Major and Mrs H H Pergree ; Mr P Stanley ; Mr, Mrs and Master J Mellison ; Mrs Colonel C Maltby ; Lieut-S D A Cruickshank ; Mrs M S Bignell ; Mrs and Miss Preulice ; Sir B Simpson ; Mr and Mrs C L Mitchell ; Mr L Garbavalle ; Mr and Mrs Moran and child ; Mr and Mrs Sprott and infant ; Mrs S Christie Engelbach ; Mrs T Vincent ; Mr and Mrs K D Lvall and two infants ; Miss Dent ; Miss Robson and children ; Capt Swanston ; Miss M Rose Scott ; Capt A H Ruway ; Major and Mrs Young and Child ; Hon'ble Justice, W R Burkitt ; Mrs Burkitt and child ; Miss Burkitt ; Mr and Mrs A H Ashby and child ; Mr and Mrs Lawrence and child ; Miss Plunkett ; Mrs A Christie, child and infant ; Mr J W Allen and child ; Mrs Cockburn and child ; Mr and Mrs C Sheppard and child ; Mrs Parker ; Mrs Torrence, and infr ; Miss Gilchrist ; Mr W Fiewker ; Mr R A L Moor ; Mr and Mrs Hiley, and child ; Mrs Goodwin ; Mrs H W Pike ; Mr Grimston ; Mr A Rodgers ; Mrs Errington and child ; Mr F W Virtue ; Mr Lewd ; Lieut Rees ; Lieut P G Reynolds ; Capt Wheeler ; Mr J H Green ; Mr Judge and 2 children ; Mr and Mrs Besley ; Mr and Mrs Gourmet and family ; Miss Edwards ; Lieut E S St Quintin ; Mrs Guarsh ; Miss Gods and child ; Miss Dalton ; H E The Commander-in-Chief ; Mrs Malrne ; Capt Lieut J Lecky ; Surg Capt I E Powell ; Mrs Tytler ; Mrs T F Norman ; Major Stanton ; Mrs D Campell ; Mrs Challis ; Miss Pothill Turner ; Miss A Besant ; Miss Nugent ; Mr and Mrs Austin, nurse and child ; Mr Newcomb ; Mrs Thomson ; Mr A P Hanley ; Lieut F T Parker, Mrs F Bulwer ; Surg Major and Mrs Owen ; Major and Mrs Hawkins ; Mrs Burney ; Mr L E Braganza ; Mr C Collins ; Miss DeSouza ; Mr Powley ; Master Crawford ; Mr E S Wilson ; Capt and Mrs Maunsell ; Mr Cardew ; Mr S Keaf ; Mrs Mein ; and Major A B Chichester.

For Brindisi—Mr B E Dyson ; Mr W C Bailey ; Mr W McHutchin ; Mr G A Howard and infant ; Col P D Jeffrey ; Mrs o'Donnell and infant ; Miss A C Gray ; Mrs Primrose and child ; Mrs Major and Mrs Owen ; Major Scafoot, C B ; Major-Genl and Miss Dalrymple ; Lieut-Col., Mrs and Miss Paley ; Mrs and Miss Turner ; Surg-Lieut-Col Matheson ; Capt and Mrs H D Robson ; Mr and Mrs J Rand ; Mrs Andrew Speed ; Maj Snead ; Capt Bogle ; Mr and Mrs Hannen ; Mr M Hunter ; Mr C A Smith ; Mr R S S Murray ; Mrs A Christie and child ; Mr B H Chester ; Lieut-Col F C Maisey ; Mr Wallace ; Lieut-Col Mrs Gartside Tipping and child ; Capt H B Purefoy ; Mr Bulkeley ; Mr E A Cox ; Mr A C Bartley Clerke ; Miss Mabel W Gun ; Mr M A Cox ; Mr A R Cumming ; Miss Cumming ; Major-Genl and Mrs Galbraith ; Mr A L Butler ; Mr Ranken ; and Mr Drummond.

For Marseilles—Rev J E and Mrs Davis and three children ; Mr A Hindeen ; Miss Taylor ; Mr and Miss Hooper ; Capt and Mrs Sherston and infant ; and Mr and Mrs Toomey and child.

For Ismailia—Mr and Mrs H Bell ; Mr Basil Seton ; and Mrs and Miss Campbell.

Per s s Oriental, Captain L H Moule, 11th April, 1896.

For London—Revd F Whitehead ; Mrs Barrow ; Mr and Mrs W Hyslop Walker, child and infr ; Revd J Lord ; Mrs A Pope ; Mr Frazer ; Mr and Mrs C Harry Riches ; Mrs C Tudball, and two Misses Tudball ; Mr Reschcroft ; Mrs Pond Farquar and child ; Mr and Mrs Foster ; Miss Gribbin and infant ; Mr and Mrs Alfred King ; Miss King ; Major J M Davies ; Mrs and Miss Jennings ; Mr Harding ; Mr and Mrs E Ellis ; and Miss Bertram.

For Brindisi.—Mr J H Thomson ; Mrs Thomson ; Mr Cran ; Mrs Austin and child ; Mr W A E Lake ; Mr A Michell ; and Mr Purefoy.

For Aden—Mr D P Byramjee ; and Mr R Cowasjee.

Per s s Australia, 18th April 1896.

For London—Mr and Mrs Hawkins and 2 children ; Miss Lee ; Mr Haskin ; Mrs Leslie ; Lieut Leslie ; Mrs Graytoe and child ; Mr W C Penny ; Mr G B Harman ; Surg Major Mrs and 2 Misses ; G F Nicholson ; Col and Mrs Jacob and family ; Major Mackintosh ; Mr and Mrs O G Moore ; Mr and Mrs A W Ward ; Miss Laing ; Mr and Mrs Conrie, child, and infant.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT.—MARCH 26.

10 p.m.	80·4

FRIDAY.—MARCH 27.

6 a.m.	77·4
10 a.m.	84·5
2 p.m.	86·7
6 p.m.	87·9

NOTES FROM LONDON.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MARCH 6.

THERE is none of the decadent spirit that, in the literature of the day, offends Max Nordau, amongst the products of the artists in water colour at the Royal Institute Spring show in Piccadilly. Pure, prim and gracefully strained in attitude, after the genteel boarding school style or grandmamma's album sketches, it is an exhibition to visit with the "young person," if you are not afraid of smothering any latent art aspirations the "young person" may possess. There are drawings on the line beside the works of members of fair repute for past work, if not for present, that may be of interest as examples of indomitable patience and persistence, but hardly works of Art, as it is understood at the present day. The Great British public, too, for whom the institute usually caters in a healthy, generous, if not highly elevating way, is completely ignored, unless by Mr. St. George Hare, whose genial rosy-cheeked baby girl wishing Merry Christmas, with her speaking face and bunches of red berried holly, is one of the few redeeming pictures of the show.

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What is the reason of this rebound to old fashioned lines, to the posy and the book, the cluster of shells or bric-a-brac, the architectural elevation in semi-monochrome ? If it is a bid for a purchaser, it can hardly succeed, unless at the time active measures are taken to clear the world of the stock of art rubbish that it has on hands. There is always room for clever work, for interesting work, for work with a purpose besides pot boiling, and even this branch is well supported by the purveyors of Christmas Annuals. But the mere makin; of pictures is not a business to be encouraged. It is a waste of time and paint that might be profitably employed in another way, and directors of a great gallery like the institute ought to be able to discriminate between the art that is worthless and the art that deserves a place amongst the works of the future.

***

Among the pictures that keep up the institute's good repute, there are a couple of interest for their story—a grey study of lovely Moorland with distant cottages, and in the foreground a prodigal daughter, anxiously straining her eyes towards the home she has hardly courage to re-visit. This picture, called "A winter's twilight," with the quotation "Forgive us our trespasses," is the work of Mr. Edward Read, of Campden Studios, N. W. Another clever painting is Mr. Arthur Burrington's "Arrested"—a cottage interior with soldiers in Jacobite costume, dragging a young man from the arms of his sweetheart., while her old mother, dazed and stricken, sits helpless and powerless to protest.

***

Among the portraits, Mr. Gregory's painting of Leslie, son of W. Newall, Esq., stands out prominently, though the figure of the pretty fair boy, stretched on a couch, looks rather too subdued for child nature, and as a painting is too subdued by the masses of rich blue chintz covering the couch. A little less of the admirably painted drapery and a little more of the boy would have made the portrait perfect. But the powers of a painter are limited. Anyone who knows what a lively boy is, will readily understand why Mr. Gregory was not entirely successful. "The signal," by St. Geo. Hare, R. S., is already known to the public as a Christmas supplement. But only those who see the original can appreciate its charm fully. There is always something lost in delicacy of tone, a quality which distinguishes Mr. Hare's water colours especially.

***

Kittens of all kinds are supplied by Madame Henriette Ronner. They are very characteristic in their own way ; and few painters manage to catch the grace of movement, the lightness of touch, and the tigerish humorousness of the feline infant as Madame Ronner does. It is said she cages her fluffy little models while they are being painted under large bell glasses and studies their movements without the constant uncertainty as to what corner of the room they will be in next, according to the whim of the moment.

***

Miss G. Demain Hammond is one of the young water colourists whose work is distinctly promising. A striking figure in white draperies cleverly carried out is called "Welcome the coming, speed the parting guest." It is a bold effort to express sentiment by action, unaided by supplementary objects. "Naughty," another work by Miss Hammond, is sketchy and not so satisfactory in composition, though it is strong in tone and drawing.

***

Mr. Garden G. Smith is another of the painters as yet undistinguished by the institute whose work adds greatly to the interest of its galleries. Mr. Smith's sketches this season are from Bayonne, and are charming glimpses of the old town and of quaint churches. Flower painters as usual muster in good numbers, but are not very strong in quality this season—even Madame Teresa Hogg has not her usual brilliancy—at least, so it seems, unless indeed the blame for lack of colour may be laid to the very gorgeous new crimson carpet which has been laid in the Central Gallery. It would be well perhaps in the interests of the contributors to that room to modify its warmth by some strips of homely drugget of a dull tint, if it were not morally certain that modern dyes are even more fleeting in carpets than in water colour pictures.

***

There is usually something interesting at the Institute of Mr. H. J. Stock's M. But even allowing for the greatest vagaries of imagination, is not a picture "Before the creation" rather too great a strain on the spectator's mind ? Mr. Stock depicts the Almighty with his back to us against a brilliant cloud, gazing at a whirligig of darkness which suggests a possible world. Chaos seems to be very well represented—of the rest who can judge ?

***

In the Arts it seems true that "whom the Gods love die young." The career of Miss Winifred Mathews, a Slade School student of remarkable promise, has been suddenly cut short by death. The show of her sketches at the Slade School lately gave evidence of unusual originality, strong character and bold drawing. Miss Mathews was as popular amongst her friends as amongst the art world with which she came in contact, and her place will not readily be filled.

***

The great debate of the B.A. for women at Oxford passed away without exciting much stir after all. Three speakers were allowed on each side :—For the innovation Mr. Grose of Queen's, the president of Magdalen, and Professor Dicey. Against women's demand Mr. Strachan Davidson of Balliol, the Dean of Wadham, and the Warden of All Souls. The resolution was negatived by 215 against 140—the No's immensely preponderating—alas !

***

If study causes many such painful endings to a short life, as came to light at an inquest held at Portsmouth in reference to the death of Miss Adele Chrestien, medical student of Blackheath, it is much better for women to take life easy and content themselves with rocking cradles and looking pretty. Miss Chrestien had studied for the medical degrees, and had passed two examinations ; but from overpressure her intellect became weakened. She was placed in a home in the Isle of Wight, but left it, and was found afterwards in a field near Portsmouth in an unconcious state suffering from morphia poisoning. She recovered somewhat, but pneumonia set in, caused by exposure for a whole night in a severe frost, and ended her sad life. It was stated at the inquest that Miss Chrestien had made another attempt on her life in Bombay. The report did not state whether the young lady was a native of India, but it is very possible, as many young women are sent over with a view to giving medical aid in the Zenana work amongst women. Such tragic endings should make people very cautious of encouraging young women to take up hard work under harsh conditions for the sake of so-called independence.

***

Something new in bazaar attractions will be tried at Lady Londonderry's townhouse on St. Patrick's Day for the benefit of the Irish charities under the patronage of the Duchess of Abercorn. The Countess of Lisburn, the Countess of Lucan, Viscountess Duncannon, and Viscountess Castlerosse. The stalls will be limited to three—one for the Distressed Irish Ladies, one for the Dublin Art School, and one for general purposes in Ireland. Lady Helen Stewart and Mr. Colnaghi will act the "Highwayman" and Miss Mary Moore and Mr. Chas. Wyndham will also play something fetching. With such patronesses and performers the bazaar should make the success to which its general objects entitle it. But what brings the Dublin School of Art into the the list of charities ? If Dublin cannot finance its own Art School with the aid of the Government grants for good industrial design work, the sooner it closes the concern the better. There is no charity in encouraging a multitude of young ladies and gentlemen with art yearnings to take up an already over-crowded profession.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

THE following is the race for the cup presented by Mr. W. P. Symonds, to start, to-day, at 3 p.m. :—

Recall No.	Boat's name	Entered by	Handicap.
1	Melody	Mr J E Macneth	Scratch
2	Janet	Lt R St J Gillespie	6 min
3	Isca	Captain W F Potts	8 min
4	Red Rose	Commander W. Chandler	9 min
5	Ellcon	Surgeon-Major H W Boyd	15 min
6	Mannikin	Captain S J Chamier	20 min
7	Senta	Mr H S Luard	20 min

The course is as follows :—Schooner to South Karanja Buoy leaving it to starboard, to sunk rock mark boat leaving it to starboard, to North Karanja Buoy leaving it to Port, thence to schooner. Schooner to starboard at start and finish. To start at 3 p.m. Preliminary flag hoisted at Commercial Code at 2-45, and warning gun at 2-55, when P flag will be hoisted.

TABLE TALK.

[BY WALTER BESANT.]

LONDON, MARCH 6.

THE season of the Little Journey has come round. It begins about the end of February and ends about the beginning of July, when it grows generally too hot for the Little Journey. The requisites of the Little Journey are—easy distance from London ; attractions of air, sea, scenery, or old things ; weather which will enable one to walk or drive ; and days long enough to permit one to remain out till six. Then it must not be too cold or too hot ; either extreme makes walking impossible. The Little Journey means one day or two days—even four days—but not more. It is a change ; and I really do not know any better medicine in spring or autumn than the Little Journey. That is why this letter is written at Eastbourne. The place grows rapidly ; it seems a great deal bigger than last year when I came down. There are new houses springing up in all directions. The builder is, in fact, the most sanguine of mortals ; he would build red brick houses over the whole country, including Dartmoor, Exmoor, the Peak, the Yorkshire Moors, and the Welsh Mountains, if he could command the capital. Here he has erected, behind the stucco terraces which face the sea, a city which can only be described as the City of the Seven hundred and Seventy-seven Thousand Gables. The Gables frown down upon you from every structure ; they have gone mad ; they wanton ; they luxuriate ; they commit extravagances. On one narrow house I counted no fewer than five Gables without counting those at the side. An architect at Eastbourne receives honour in proportion to the number of Gables he can stick upon a house. Other points there are in the Eastbourne villas—the windows, the balconies, the porches—about which one could speak, but the Gable swallows up everything else.

This day has been a day of soft and tender April. The wind was in the west, the sunshine was clear and cloudless till the afternoon, when clouds passed over, and made the interrupted sunshine seem brighter and warmer. We climbed the slope of Beachy Head ; it is not a difficult slope, and one can walk on springy turf all the way. The larks were singing lustily—not one or two, but a dozen, in a hedge at the bottom of the hill the linnets had begun to make their nests, and were beginning their song of love and of courtship with low and hesitating notes ; the seagulls flew about overhead. As we mounted higher—Beachy Head has a very respectable elevation of nearly 600 feet—the shore stretched out, a long arm reaching out in a long curve ending with Hastings, which was invisible. When we reached the top the coast on both sides was visible, but no villages. Seaford, on the right, lies between two hills, and is invisible. Newhaven, also on the right, lies between two hills and is invisible. There is a hotel on the top of Beachy, which ought to be a pleasant place for those who like air and plenty of it. Out at sea there was very little to notice ; the sea at Eastbourne is very deserted ; far away on the horizon one steamer, three or four boats, and that is all. Stay, there is one with red sails, one of them rigged upon a mizen mast over the stern, like the Penzance fishing boats. Perhaps she belongs to Penzance ; she alters her course ; the sunlight strikes her sails ; she becomes a splendid spot of crimson on the blue water. Lower down we meet a shepherd. He is quite the ideal shepherd ; he carries a crook of the good old orthodox kind; he has a brown beard, a brown hat, a brown coat, a brown, waistcoat and continuations, brown stockings, and brown boots. He is all brown—a harmony in brown a symphony in brown ; one longs to go and play upon him.

Perhaps one or two readers may remember reading in the paper that a petition had been presented to the London County Council, praying that they would have the extreme kindness to let Hampstead Heath alone. The case is this. Within four miles of Oxford-street, on the top of a hill 450 feet high there lies a place, about 250 acres in extent, which is the one wild bit of country—the one real heath—accessible to London people. Its beauty depends entirely upon the wild uncultivated condition in which it has been left. There are old gorse bushes grown into strange shapes ; there are wild trees, such as crab apple trees and hawthorn trees ; there are bits of quagmire ; there are broad stretches of fern ; there are brambles trailing long branches ; there are ponds ; there are broken bits of ground ; there are little shallow pools set in golden sands, that are miracles of light and loveliness in the sunshine. Well, the place being what it is, the emissaries of the London County Council have got hold of it, and are proceeding to ruin, spoil, desecrate, and destroy all that they can. They are grubbing up the fantastic old gorse ; they are filling up the pools of golden light with earth—oh ! heavens ! They are bringing trees which do not belong to the Heath and cannot grow there, and they are planting them in cups of made earth. Heard one ever the like ? All that we say is, leave the Heath alone ; don't touch it ; leave it absolutely alone ; let the London people, who come up to the Heath on Saturdays and Sundays by thousands, have one opportunity at least of seeing Nature wild and untouched.

You know how Henry IV. was told, to his great comfort and solace, that he would die in Jerusalem, so that he resolved to put off going to Jerusalem indefinitely ; and how he did actually die in the Jerusalem Chamber, Westminster Abbey. Well, I always thought that was a really new and original story. Not a bit of it. There wasn't, even in the early part of the fifteenth century, any such thing as a new and old original story. Listen. This is related by a chronicler. There was a certain Pope whose name in the world was Gerbert. He was a most dreadful necromancer ; the uncanny things that Pope could do were beyond all belief. Now, like all necromancers, Gerbert, although he was his Holiness the Pope, was horribly afraid of dying, because there was the greatest uncertainty, in ecclesiastical circles, as to the possibility of a necromancer escaping the power of the Evil One. Therefore, Gerbert was greatly comforted by learning, through his necromancy, that he would die in Jarusalem. For, thought the Pope, " why should I go to Jerusalem at all ? " Exactly what Henry the Fourth thought. Why should he ? But it happened one day, while he was saying mass in one of the chapels of St. Peter's, that he was seized with a sudden sickness and fell down. Then he heard one of them who lifted him saying that this had happened in the chapel called Jerusalem, upon which Gerbert gave up all hope and presently breathed his last. Do you think that Henry the Fourth had ever heard of Gerbert the Pope ?

Certain inquiries have been made as to the habitat of the bird called the Nicticorax referred to a fortnight ago. He lives in the Great Syrian Desert, where his manners and customs, and particularly that curious habit of being blind to everything that is not vile and disgraceful, were carefully studied by those of the Crusaders who happened to be of an ornithological turn. The latest authority on the subject, from whom I gather this information, is a chronicler of the twelfth country and, indeed, I do not think that the Nicticorax has been seen by mortal eye since that time. But, as we know, his curious blindness to all that is good and well-intentioned, and his keenness of vision in perceiving instantly all that is vile and shameful, are still imitated and copied by humans, so that the bird most certainly exists. From inquiries made at the Zoological Society I find that they have no stuffed specimen of the bird. Let us all start for the Great Syrian Desert immediately, or next week, armed with blunderbusses, and let us resolve never to return unless with a speciemen, dead or alive, of the rare and curious Nicticorax.

The case of Thomas Appletree deserves, perhaps, to be rescued from oblivion. It happened in the year 1579, on the 17th day of July, that Thomas Appletree, a young man, and a servant of Master Henry Carey, was rowing about on the Thames between Greenwich and Deptford with two boys of the Queen's Chapel and one Bernard Acton. They had a harquebus or "caliver" with them, which they fired off from time to time, apparently as boys fire guns, merely for the sake of the noise they make. Unfortunately the Queen was this evening taking the air on the river in her private barge ; the French Ambassador was with her, the Earl of Lincoln, and the Vice-Chamberlain, Sir Christopher Hatton. Now, how these young fellows in the boat came not to see the Queen's barge, or how they failed to recognise it, one cannot tell ; but they fired off that unlucky caliver, charged with a bullet, in the direction of the Royal barge. The bullet struck one of the oarsmen, passing through both arms, insomuch that he bled profusely and bellowed loudly. The Queen took the poor man on shore and caused him to be looked after. They then proceeded to arrest the four boys in the boat. They were brought before the Council, and, the case duly heard, Thomas Appletree, as the sole offender, received sentence of death. Accordingly, on the Tuesday following, he was taken out of Marshalsea and escorted by the Lord Marshal's men over the Bridge and to Tower Hill, thence to Ratcliffe and Blackwall—a vast crowd going with him—and from Blackwall to a spot on the riverside opposite Deptford and Greenwich—that is, opposite the place where the offence was committed. Here they had raised a gibbet, on which the luckless youth was a swing in chains. On the way Thomas Appletree wept freely. When the time came for mounting the ladder he turned and addressed the crowd in very moving terms, made his last Dying Speech and Confession, "and with that the tears gushed out of his eyes verie fast." Then the executioner slipped the rope over his head, and the bitterness of death seemed very near. But the people cried, "Stay ! Stay ! Stay !" because in the very nick of time the Vice-Chamberlain, Sir Christopher Hatton, came riding up with a pardon from the Queen. The speech made by Sir Christoper is reported in full ; it is somewhat long ; but the historian was present himself, and reports, as well, the behaviour of the people in side notes.

In a word, Thomas Appletree was pardoned. And after prayers the people threw up their caps, and Thomas was taken back to the Marshalsea, where, let us hope, he was not kept much longer in durance.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

MR. CUNNINGHAM, Foreign Secretary, makes over officiating charge of his appointment to Mr. H. S. Barnes on Monday next. Sir Adelbert Talbot will become officiating Resident of Kashmir from that date.

MR. R. R. GALES, Executive Engineer, Lahoret has been appointed Assistant Manager of the Eas, Coast Railway, and leaves shortly for the headquarters at Waltair, Madras.

THE Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal was to return to Calcutta on Wednesday in order to attend the final meeting of the Legislative Council.

THE removal of the office or Examiner or Military Accounts, Burma, from Rangoon to Madras, has been abandoned for the present.

THE committee of the Madras Mahajana Sabha has resolved to hold a Conference at Madras during the approaching Easter holidays, on the lines of the Provincial Conferences, which are annually held in Bombay and Calcutta. It is proposed to hold the Conference for two days, commencing from Saturday, the 4th April, and the committee hopes to be able to make provision for the suitable accomodation at Madras of the delegates from the mofussil attending the Conference.

WE remarked some time ago, writes the *Pioneer*, that the Madras Government was notable for the curious principles on which it seems to act in selecting officials for prominent situations, and it has lately shown itself constant to its traditions. Thus Mr. Arundel, whose report on the Salt case led to such gross injustice being done to Mr. Ditmas and a native subordinate, has just been appointed to officiate as Revenue Secretary ; while Mr. Winterbotham, the Magistrate and Collector, whose want of tact and common-sense were really responsible for all the complications in the kissing case, has been placed on special duty to report on the Moplah rising. We shall be curious to see how Sir Arthur Havelock deals in future with officials who have distinguished themselves by letting the Government in.

ONE result or Colonel Gracey's recent visit to the Kunlon railway is, it is believed, that he will recommend the immediate construction of a branch line from Thibaw through Swekaw to the Kengtung road. The distance is about eighty miles and the construction will present no very serious difficulties. The line will run through a rich country, and will serve as a valuable feeder to the Kunlon railway, while strategically it would be of high importance.

ON Monday at Rangoon a suit was filed in the Recorder's Court on behalf of the owners of the Grrman ship Adolf against the British India Company in connection with the recent collision in which the Camorta collided with the Adolf. The damages are laid at Rs. 50,000. The plaintiffs say that the accident was due solely to the neglect of the Harbour rules by the defendant company's servants.

THE Governor of Madras, by the way, is

THE SITUATION IN SOUTH AFRICA.

PRIVATE letters with details about Jameson's advance are still arriving at Amst-rdam (writes a correspondent), and some of them are communicated to the papers. "I should not like to translate them all, even for you," says our correspondent. "They are particularly strong, some of them, which is not to be wondered at." But here are some extracts:—

"The enemy had excellent maps of the whole way they had to go. Still they stuck fast with their cannon in a very small 'spruit' (water-course). Well, the cause is, that what to-day is a nice, hard path, to-morrow may be a morass. This, in rainy weather, depends upon the wind. If the wind is from the south you may safely ride up on the north side of a hill; on the other side you stick in the mud. A day after it may just be the reverse. You may make the nicest maps in the world, but you never can put down in it the thousands of 'telips' and 'autheaps,' and an enemy never can know it behind that or behind that antheap there is no Boer, and if behind that little rand there are not some hundreds. If they want to take Transvaal with over so many men, they should first come and make a billiard-table of it.

"If the whole banditti had reached Johannesburg there would have been a most horrible massacre.

"I saw such horrid things in that night that we fled from Johannesburg. A lady, for instance, lost her child from her arms. She was standing upon the platform, and it fell between the rails. Mina tried to catch it, when she saw it falling, but she only caught the napkin it was rolled in. The poor mother cried, 'My baby! my baby!' but she was in the throng, and was pushed into the wagon, unable to help herself. And the train went off.

"It is a god-send the Kaffirs are so afraid of the Boers. If this had not been so, there might have been a general rising. Everywhere among all tribes against the Boers at work. And even as it was, only the firm action of the officers in Zoutpansberg could prevent a new Secocoins war. But they are more afraid of one Boer than of one hundred Englishmen.

"I need not say that after all this there is a strong feeling against the English. Germans, French, Dutch, and Transvaalers do not want to speak English now, which is very inconvenient to Englishmen, as they mostly do not understand a word of any other language".

The following cable has been received in London:—"Johannesburg, March 5, 11-30 p. m.—Nothing yet settled definitely as to President's visit to England. Decision will be taken on receipt of Chamberlain's final reply."

Reuter's Johannesburg correspondent telegraphed:—There is good reason to believe that President Kruger will visit England.

Here is a story that is being told with much gusto by Oom Paul's burgomaster, his father in law, in Pretoria, were sotting out to meet Dr. Jameson at Krugersdorp, and a younger son, a boy twelve years old, was anxious to go. But his father scolded him and left him. After the others had gone he went into the house, took down an old "sannah"—a relict of past day—and, finding some ammunition, loaded his weapon and set off on foot towards Krugersdorp. After walking some time he observed a horseman approaching, and concealed himself behind an ant-heap. When he saw that the horseman was armed and that his horse's tail was cut, he concluded that the man was "one of the enemy." So he crouched down and took aim, and at a distance of seventy-two yards he shot this man dead. The trooper fell from his horse and the youthful Boer calmly took possession of horse and accoutrements, and, discarding his old "sannah," rode home in triumph with his booty. This boy will probably be heard of again.

PRINCE KRAPOTKIN.

THE arrest of Prince Krapotkin at Dieppe recently is not his first experience of the kind in France. In 1883 he was condemned by the Police Correctional Court at Lyons to five years' imprisonment for participation in the International Working Men's Association. He was liberated in January, 1886, by decree of the President of the French Republic—since which time he has resided mainly in England. When in durance he wrote a number of articles, which were published in book-form in 1887, under the title "In Russian and French Prisons."

In private life (writes one who knows him) Prince Krapotkin is the most mild and amiable of men. To see him at his home in Kent, in the humblest of labourer's cottages, is to see the ideal man of learning as he often appears in fiction, but is said to have no existence in real life. A thoughtful, kindly, bearded face, a figure bent with the "literary stoop," thin, nervous hands, and a courtesy such as belongs to the best classes of Russian society only, that is Prince Krapotkin, the revolutionary, the exile, the Nihilist. He sits in his small study, which is furnished with books and papers in many languages, but chiefly in Russian and French, and looks absorbed as if he were an alchemist brooding over his concoctions.

Then, suddenly, there is a light foot on the narrow step, and a small bright face looks into the bare study with the tiny fireplace. A little girl comes in, and falls round the neck of the scholar. And the eyes of the father brighten with a wonderful light as he takes his only child into his arms, and calls her by those pretty Russian names of endearment which have no equivalent in our poorer tongue. The home life of Prince Krapotkin, his wife, and his child is singularly bright and happy, notwithstanding the fact that it is one of the poverty and many privations. For the Nihilist and political ...ppens to be a true philosopher, who, having ...t all his property when he fell into the ...ment of the Great White Czar, rose above ...iculties of his position, and counted the loss ...ealth but little so long as he might help his ...g fellow-creatures.

The "firebrand" speeches with which this ... from his country is credited, it is strange to ... his very gentle voice when, with the light ...otism still shining from his eyes, he says, ... I would be too glad, too glad, if I saw a ... the better times which were said to come ...at the young Czar is on the throne. But, ...honestly, though I have looked for them, and am still looking, with strained eyes, I see no sign of them." And, with his patient sigh, he adds: "We must still wait, and hope on."

NAPOLEON I. AND NAPOLEON III. CONTRASTED.

NAPOLEON I. was a man of the most extraordinary talents for strategy and tactics in war, and for administration in peace. His preparations for war are related in detail in the history of Thiers, and show an energy and activity by day and night which have never been equalled by kings the most celebrated for their war-like achievements, or by the most famous Generals who have led the armies of ambitious sovereigns. In peace his great maxim of administration is, that everything should be done for the people, but nothing by the people. Whether a man should be raised to the highest honours and entrusted with the highest commands, or whether he should be put to death without trial and without enquiry, Napoleon thought, ought to be left to his sole will and his sole decision. It was said of him by a woman of genius: He traversed crimes and virtues, as he traversed mountains and rivers, because they were in his road. The illustrious exile died on May 5th, 1821, and his mortal remains, however, did not find their last resting place at St. Helena, and have since been transferred to the banks of the Seine, to repose with the French people, whom he loved so well. His grave covered a moderate space, but for whom Europe was too small. Such are the ups and downs of this changeful life! Such are the lights and shadows of great and mighty.

Napoleon III. had neither the talents nor the energy, neither the errors nor the ambition of his uncle. For a long time he followed the path of peace, maintained friendly relations with the great enemy of his predecessor, and sought in the lessons of political economy the road to riches and to peace. But the curse of his family was upon him. We found it recorded that Napoleon I. had declared to his brother that if France had her natural frontiers he would abide by a treaty of peace; but if she had not those frontiers, he would make war upon the first convenient opportunity. Thus, after twenty years of successful power, Napoleon III. made war—the most unjust, the most senseless, the most ill-prepared, and the worst-conducted which this generation has seen. The ominous omens which attend upon such a war are fearful. The one hundred days of 1815 are commemorated with the battle of Waterloo. The war of 1870 is associated in our lively recollection with the defeat and fall of the Second Empire. The French nation may well shrink from the fear of incurring a second Waterloo, or from being exposed to a renewal of the surrender of Sedan.

At six o'clock a white flag was hoisted on the church tower, and Napoleon III. sent a letter to the King of Prussia which said: "Not having been able to die at the head of my troops I can only resign my sword into the hands of your Majesty. The conditions of capitulation were signed the next morning. The Emperor was allowed to retire to the palace of Wilhelmshohe, which had once been the abode of his uncle Jerome. He remained at Wilhelmshohe from September 3, 1870, to March 19, 1871. The next day, the Emperor landed at Dover, grown grey and old, and was enthusiastically received by an immense crowd. On April 3rd, the Queen paid him a visit at Chislehurst. His disease had been aggravated by the physical exhaustion of the campaign, and especially by the hours he had spent in the saddle at Sedan, and it was a quarter-past eleven, on the 9th day of January, 1873, that the Emperor breathed his last. His last words were "Elisa-vous a Sedan." The body of the Emperor was afterwards deposited in a Sarcophagus, the gift of Queen Victoria, and it lies at Chislehurst, surmounted by the banner which floated at Windsor over his Majesty's stall as knight of the Garter.

For her beloved husband and son, the sore-stricken widow and mother is raising a mausoleum that shall be worthy of their fame, and which will also commemorate her heroism under the heaviest blows that have fallen upon one human heart in modern times. —(From Mr. N. M. Lunerana's Note Book.)

THE Madras Railway is gradually covering its permanent way with stone ballast, which goes a great way to keep down the dust. Out of a total worked mileage of 849 miles, 371 have been so covered. It is said the whole length will be covered by the end of 1897.

CHIEF among the rooms which the Duke of Devonshire reserves for his private use at Chatsworth is the library. It was, we gather from an article in *Cassell's Magazine*, originally designed for a ball-room, and is 92ft. long and 23ft. wide Practically, the whole of the enormous wall-space thus indicated is occupied by the book-cases, which are of polished Spanish mahogany, the higher shelves being reached by a gallery which runs round the room. The painted ceiling is the work of Louis Charon, while the mantel-piece is beautifully carved in the finest marble. The Duke sits and works mostly in the ante-library or cabinet library. There is a charming place of retirement for the ladies after they leave the dinner table at Chatsworth. They can stroll through the Sculpture Gallery, amid the sweet odours of the choicest exotics in the subdued light of a lofty glass roof, and with their eyes resting upon some of the most beautiful productions of the chisel of Thorwaldsen and of Scadow—"Venus and Cupid," "Agamemnon's Herald Carrying off Briseis from Achilles," "Castor and Pollux," and other classical subjects in cold white marble. Some of the plants, which bear an extraordinary number of the most beautiful blooms, were brought to Chatsworth from Malmaison, the residence of the ex-Empress Josephine.

SPRINKLERS AS PREVENTIVES OF FIRE.

ALMOST every day we notice in the papers accounts of incipient fires which have been prevented from being perhaps disastrous conflagrations through the operations of automatic sprinklers. This fact has been called to mind more directly by reading an account in the Providence Journal of December 15 of a fire on the previous day in the extensive wholesale and retail drug store of Blanding and Co. of Providence. It seems that three of their employes were working in the chemist's rooms. In one of the rooms there was a fire, and an employe was engaged in cleaning a can with benzine. As a protective measure he took the can to the fire-escape on the outside of the building, a distance of 25 feet or thereabouts from the stove. There was a large window and two doors between the place where he was at work and the fire-escape and the route to either place was in the shape of a letter S reversed. The windows and doors were probably open, and a current of air carried the vapour arising from the benzine through the window and by the circuitous route to the stove. In an instant there was a puff, and the whole space was a mass of flame. In the laboratory were goods valued at 3,000 or 4,000 £, and a portion of them consisted of red fire, which was stored in tin boxes in the small room. The red fire and bottles of chemicals ignited quickly, and the flames leaped through the window from the fire escape into the room, and almost instantly the rear of the building was in a dense cloud of smoke, and from the rear a flame of fire was leaping from the windows to the eaves.

The fire was almost wholly confined to the small room, previously mentioned, and there the red fire and mixtures of alcohol and other liquids were burning fiercely. The heat soon became intense, and in less than two minutes after the explosion occurred, the glass covering on the pipes was melted and the sprinklers began their good work. From the perforations a great volume of water poured down upon the flames in the three rooms, and despite the fact that red fire and liquids containing alcohol were in flame, the sprinklers held the fire at bay. The action of the automatic apparatus saved a dangerous and destructive blaze: The firemen turned but little water into the building, the sprinklers having done well the duty for which they were designed. Chief Bosers, Fire Marshal Trimon, and Assistant Hill agree, as stated in the journal, that the sprinklers system saved the large block from partial, if not total, destruction. Could more convincing proof of the effectiveness of automatic sprinklers possibly be obtained than is derived from the above facts? Here is a fire where the conditions could hardly be worse from the combustible nature of the elements that entered into it, such as benzine, alcohol, and other highly inflammable materials, and yet the sprinklers successfully held the fire at bay and rendered it a comparatively easy task for the fire department to finish the good work of the automatics and with but comparatively slight loss. The sprinklers that did this good service were the well known and popular Grinell manufactured by the Grinell Fire Extinguishing Co. It seems strange that any manufacturing establishment or mercantile firm should hesitate about adopting these sprinklers. The lessening of the rate of insurance where they are adopted (but) a small factor in these times, as compared with the loss of time while repairing or re-building and the consequent loss of trade; but looking at the question from either standpoint we do not see how any prudent and successful manufacturer or trader can afford to do without them. Automatic sprinklers passed the experimental stage some years ago and the value of the protection they afford is admitted by all underwriters.

The statement regarding the cause of this fire we would call particular attention to, and that is the danger attending the use of benzine or naphtha, unless great care is used to guard against vapour or gas that escapes therefrom. As in the case of this Providence fire, the party engaged in cleaning the can with benzine probably never thought that any danger could arise therefrom, as he had taken especial pains to get as far away from the stove as possible to do his work. But the room was probably very warm, and the evaporation of the benzine quite rapid in consequence, and the vapour permeating the room, as related, followed the current of air to the stove, where it caught fire and communicated in a flash to the benzine in barrels in a room where there is a lighted fire, as the vapour (unlike coal gas) being heavier than the atmosphere, sinks to the floor, and if the opportunity offers will naturally follow a current of air to the fire and similar results as those at the Providence factory likely to transpire, differing somewhat in its magnitude on the quantity of the fluid.—Boston Journal of Commerce."

REMINISCENCES OF CARDINAL MANNING.

Mr. George W. E. Russell, to the March number of that excellent little magazine the "Commonwealth," contributes some very interesting reminiscences of Cardinal Manning. Mr. Russell and the Cardinal became acquainted in 1883, and although they differed materially on many points, enjoyed an intimate and unbroken friendship for thirteen years. In reviewing his impressions Mr. Russell puts first the physical aspect of the man:—"He seemed even older than he was, and considerably more ascetic, for he looked as if, like the Cardinal in "Lothair," he lived on biscuits and soda-water; whereas he had a hearty appetite for his mid-day meal, and in his own words, "enjoyed his tea." Still, he carried the irreducible minimum of flesh on his bones, and his hollow cheek and shrunken jaws threw his massive forehead into striking prominence. His line of features was absolutely faultless in its statuesque regularity, but his face was saved from the insipidity of too great perfection by the imperious, rather ruthless lines of his mouth, and the penetrating lustre of his deep-set eyes." His dignity, Mr. Russell adds, was astonishing. "The position of a Cardinal with a princely rank, recognised abroad but formally ignored in England, was a difficult one to carry off, but his exquisite tact enabled him to sustain it to perfection".

The Cardinal probed the secrets of character with a glance, and was particularly sharp on pretention and self-importance:—

A well-known publicist, who, perhaps, thinks of himself rath r more highly than he ought to think, once ventured to tell the Cardinal that he knew nothing about the subject of a painful trial which pervaded London in the summer of 1885. "I have been hearing confessions in London for thirty years, and I fancy more people have confided their secrets to me than to you, Mr.—," was the Cardinal's reply.

Once, when the Cardinal's burning sympathy with suffering and his profound contempt for political economy had led him, in his own words, to "poke fun at the Dismal Science," the "Times" lectured him in the most superior manner on the fact that the venerable prelate seemed to mistake cause and effect. "That," said the Cardinal to Mr. Russell, "is the sort of criticism that an undergraduate makes and thinks himself very clever. But I am tol l that in this present day the "Times" is chiefly written by undergraduates."

Once Mr. Russell asked His Eminence what he thought of a high dignitary of the English Church who had gone a certain way in a public agitation and then suddenly frightened back by claiming. The reply was the single word "intrinsic." "When he was asked his opinion of a famous Biography, in which a son had disclosed, with too absolute frankness, his father's innermost thoughts and feelings, the Cardinal replied, 'I think that——has committed the sin of the Son of Ham.' His sense of humour was peculiarly keen, and though it was habitually kept under control, it was sometimes used to point a moral or adorn a tale. "Well, Cardinal," "What are you going in life?" he asked a rather flippant under-graduate at Oxford. "Oh, I'm going to take Holy Orders,' was the airy reply. "Take care you get them, my son." Though the Cardinal was intolerant of bumptiousness, Mr. Russell says he liked young men, and in speaking to them the friendliness of his manner was touched with fatherliness in a truly attractive fashion.

The Cardinal's friendships were not numerous, but his affection for Mr. Gladstone is well known. It was broken by the controversy about "Vaticanism" in 1875, but, according to Mr. Russell, "a few years ago was happily revived by the good offices of a common friend".—"Gladstone is a very fine fellow," said the Cardinal to me in 1890. He is also vindictive. You may fight him as hard as you like, and, when the fight is over, you will find that it has left no rancour behind it." This affection for Mr. Gladstone was a personal matter, quite independent of politics; but in political matters also they had much in common.

WHY NOT GIRL VOLUNTEERS?

THE lady correspondent of a Scotch paper writes: "They have been obliged to bring their wives out to help them!" said the Colonel of a Russian regiment who had never seen the 92nd Highlanders before. He was more than astonished, anyway, at the handiness these women, as he thought them, could tickle with the bayonet. But although I should never like to see Amazons in real warfare, the movement I propose, if properly carried out, would be the best thing that ever happened for the health of the damsels. For of all forms of exercise, military drill is the most perfect. I speak as one who has been a Volunteer himself, a naval officer, a medical man, and a cyclist. Drill is better than cycling, because it is steadier, and brings every muscle into play; the very eyes are exercised and trained. It sets the body up as it were, as a taxidermist sets up a beautiful bird. Girls who drilled would not long lack a good figure, nor a pretty complexion. Military drill is the best for another reason—it combines all the "sine qua non" of perfect exercise it is taken out of doors, in the fresh air, and thus expands the lungs and purifies the blood, and renders elastic the joints and muscles, it tones the nerves, and last but not least, it is recreative and pleasurable. But can the movement be begun? What says Glasgow, who started the Boys' Brigade? I believe, if once set agoing, it would be one of the most popular movements. I should have a uniform, and every girl who joined must be of good character and willing to do the best for herself and her companions and her country. I should have neat uniforms, good bands, strictest of discipline, and seriousness. But all this might be arranged. My idea may be Utopian. If so, let it fly overboard and float astern. Meanwhile, I should be pleased to have letters or post-cards from girls who would be willing to join a Girls' Brigade. These must have the letters G. B. written distinctly on the address side of the envelope or card, or addressed to me care of Secretary, Twyford, Berks.

WRITING in an up-country paper a few days ago on the typhoid fever that has been prevalent in Allahabad since the beginning of the year, Dr. Hall, the Superintendent of Naini Central Jail, ventured to express a strong belief that the cause would be found in the water supply from the water-works He suspected that the mischief lay in the sand itself which is being used for the filter beds at the works. Whether this is so or not we cannot yet pretend to say, but in the main Dr. Hall's conjecture has unfortunately proved to be only too just; for samples of the water-supply submitted to the Agra Laboratory have been found by Mr. Hankin to contain the characteristic bacillus that is associated with enteric. To make this fact known is a duty to the public; but while it should furnish a warning to be additionally careful in the use of the water, it need be no ground for alarm until it can be shown more particularly what the extent of the pollution amounts to as a practical danger. It is, however, a disheartening conclusion that all the money and labour that are lavished on the provision of a pure water-supply may only in certain cases after all result in aggravated risk, inasmuch as people have come to discard their ordinary private precautions, and the tainted supply instead of affecting a partial healthy comes to all alike,

LORD ROSEBERY ON POLITICS AND THE EMPIRE.

THE GOVERNMENT'S IMMORTAL MEASURES.

LORD ROSEBERY was present at a dinner of the Eighty Club at the Criterion, on March 3, Sir Edward Grey being in the chair. In the course of a long speech, he declared that Liberal principles were never more alive than at the present moment. He criticised the policy of the Government in the Transvaal and Siam. He did not think there was as much enthusiasm over the ability of our heaven-born Ministers to counteract the Dutch rural simplicity of our old friend President Kruger as there was; nor did he suppose it was claimed as an act of the Government entitling them to the confidence of their devoted followers, still less to any of those who are not their devoted followers, that they have made the transaction in Siam—which is a repudiation of the views and opinions, and to a large extent a concession of all that the Radical Government fought for. He supported the new Naval programme of the Government on the conditions—(1) that the necessity for it was proved; (2) that we got value for our money, and (3) that this great fleet shall not act as a mere veiled spectator for an impotent and futile foreign policy. He said this in order to try and add some strength and nerve to the Government in their attitude abroad. Turning to Mr. Gladstone's boast that the nations had tried to win our love and our exclusive affection, he said: If I had the talent, I confess I should extremely like to delineate a new version of the "Judgment of Paris"—the three or more suppliant goddesses all praying for the palm of beauty and attraction, and Mr. Goschen, as Paris, sitting lightly on the apple. (Laughter and cheers.) Now, I agree with Mr. Goschen that it is not possible in our conditions, and still less is it desirable, to enter into a system of alliances. There is much I am entirely with him. But between a system of alliances and a system of isloation, splendid or otherwise, there seems to me to be a very wide chasm. We used to think that it was possible to live with other nations in a manner of mutual interest without binding ourselves by alliances. We did not think that it was necessary as a matter of foreign policy to boast that we were alone in Europe, and that in no circumstances would we have to do with any other nation. I agree with him about his thesis of alliance, but I would take a test of whether this policy of friendly isolation is a wise one or not.

ENGLAND'S TWO GREAT DISINTERESTED FRIENDS IN EUROPE.

We have had two great disinterested friends in Europe. I am not speaking invidiously—I leave out others not because I think they are indisposed to our friendship, but because as regards those two there has been no recent discussion—and in my view of them, therefore, without offence to any others, we have always had for the last then or fifteen years—so far at least as I can recollect foreign affairs—the friendship of Austria and Italy. And I want to know—I will say to-night to ask—can any member of the Government honestly say that as a result of their policy of isolation, splendid or otherwise, our friends in with Austria or our friendship with Italy stands where it was when this Government came into office? As to other Powers, our relations with them I am afraid, are a matter of painful notoriety. I only discuss the position of Austria and of Italy because that has not been under recent discussion.

ARMENIA: "WE DID OUR BEST."

I pass from that to a subject of great importance, the topic of Armenia. I know that the supporters of the Government say, "What charge have you got to bring against our policy with regard to Armenia? We did our best; we were unable to do more. What more can any Briton do? Well, I say that the charges against the present Government in regard to Armenia lie outside of that contention. I say that, in the first place they used language deliberately which could only be justified by the gravest results. I say, in the next place, that no results followed that language, except possibly an aggravation or an increase of massacre and misgovernment in that country. And, in the third place, I charge them with an entire want of resource in dealing with this question, and with an entire poverty of methods in dealing with it: for after all, diplomatic pressure is not limited to war or battleships in a room, where there is a lighted fire, as the vapour (unlike coal gas) being heavier than the atmosphere, sinks to the floor, and if the opportunity offers will naturally follow a current of air to the fire and similar results as those at the Providence factory likely to transpire, differing somewhat in its magnitude on the quantity of the fluid,—"Boston Journal of Commerce."

LORD SALISBURY AND THE SULTAN.

Now, let me say one word about menacing language. Lord Salisbury says it was not menacing. He says, "You do not call it menacing when you say something will happen in the event of something else happening." Well, it is quite true as a general proposition that not every contingency is a menace. The old proverb that if the sky falls you will catch larks is not a menace, but it is a menace if you say that a great State is in a tottering condition that it depends upon the sufferance and good will of other Powers, whose benevolence she must court. And if you use that language in Parliament and on occasions like the Guildhall Banquet, in the double capacity of Prime Minister and Foreign Secretary of this country, you use language as nearly approaching menace as any menace ever used. But what makes that language and that menace more remarkable is this. That first time Lord Salisbury used that language was, if I mistake not, on Aug. 15, in the House of Lords. On Aug. 13 he had a telegram from Constantinople, saying that under no circumstances would Russia allow or countenance any vigorous action in this question of Armenia. You cannot censure him from pledging this country by his language under other circumstances, but how can you conceive a man in a high official position speaking, not to the House of Lords, for in that case it would be nothing (laughter)—but to Europe, using that language with that telegram in his pocket, is, perhaps, more than any criticism has been able to suggest with regard to the conduct of foreign affairs by this Government.

"IT WAS NOT OUR FAULT, IT WAS ALL RUSSIA."

Now, they say, "It was not our fault, it was all Russia." What was the cause of Russia's attitude? I do not presume to say but I think the greatest infant among us can guess. Russia may have remembered when the late Government went out and the present Government came in that the present Government was headed by the men who had made the boast of putting an end to the treaty of San Stefano, and resisting the attempts of Russia to introduce an understanding and good government into Asia Minor. You cannot have your cake in this world and eat it, and if you choose to come back from a great congress with peace in one pocket and with honour in the other—(laughter)—and boast of having insulted the ambitious attempts of Russia to obtain the control in Asia Minor, and you boast yourself afterwards of having been the very person who drafted the conventions by which we assumed the responsibility for good government in Asia Minor you can expect to be hardly judged. At any rate, it is not for us to blame Russia. Well, they say—Lord Salisbury said it more than once—this policy, after all, is not ours. What was his policy? I think we have a right to ask of the Government what their policy would have been if they had been in office this time last year. Are we to understand that they would have allowed the massacres of Sasun and Bitlis to have occurred, they remembering their responsibility under the Cyprus Convention and the Berlin Treaty, and without making the same suggestion of reform or good government to the Porte. It seems hardly credible, and yet when Lord Salisbury endeavours to extricate himself from the responsibility for the policy of Armenia it seems as though that must be the case. But they go on and say, What would you have done under these contingencies? My answer to that is perfectly simple. I decline to reply. You may have the privileges of a Government and you may have the privileges of an Opposition, but you cannot have both. (Hear, hear.) It is our policy now to criticise. It is not our prerogative, in ignorance of a great deal that has passed, to define a policy. But I would ask you to remember one main fact, we were still in the process—in the state of negotiation—when we were turned out of office. (Hear, hear.) We had obtained with some difficulty from the Sultan a commission to enquire into the massacres that had occurred. We had already obtained the concurrence of France and Russia in our scheme of reforms, and I may add that it was not until two months after we had left office that Russia made that solemn declaration to which I have already adverted. All this is familiar to you. We had carried these matters as far as we could carry them in our time—as far as the conditions of our Goverment or of the question itself allowed. We passed away. Then came the new Government. . . . What is the result? The Porte is triumphant all along the line. That is the grave and terrible result. The last state of the Armenians is much worse than the first, and as a result of the complete concert of Europe, of which we had been so often assured and which it was boasted in the speech at the Guildhall was under the leadership of Great Britin, we come to the final summing up. Lord Rosebery concluded with a reference to the Mahometan of Europe in the affairs of the Ottoman Empire. "This is what we have come to after nineteen centuries of Christianity, with a Europe which counts her armies on a footing of war, not by thousands or hundreds of thousands, but by millions and by millions; in face of a population not reckoned as above 28,000,000, so that now probably it is not too much to say that this Europe, every part of which worships the same Christ and believes in the doctrines of the same New Testament, through one another, is prepared, on the verge of the twentieth century, to relinquish their suffering fellow-Christians to the cruel mercies of barbarous Kurds, directed or connived at by a still more barbarous Government." The question, he declared, was one of the gravest and most shameful in the history of civilisation.

In recent references to the traffic in breechloading arms beyond the North-west Frontier the *Pioneer* made no mention of one possible source of supply in Afghanistan itself. As Sir Salter Pyne has explained during his present visit to England, the Kabul workshops are now turning out a large number of rifles and tons of ammunition yearly, the Amir being determined that his army shall be well equipped with weapons of precision. It is quite true that he keeps many of the rifles in store and allows his soldiers only a few rounds of ball-cartridges for musketry practice; but, all the same, some of the arms must find their way into the hands of the independent tribesmen. We do not know whether desertion is common in the Afghan army—probably not, as Abdur Rahman usually sends his regiments far away from their homes and holds the families of the men as hostages in their villages; but still some of the sepoys must occasionally disappear with their rifles. In the matter of ammunition it is notorious that a large illicit trade is carried on between the regular Afghan soldiers and the tribesmen. Thus during the Shinwari insurrection the actions fought were almost sham ones, the Afghans on retiring leaving packets of cartridges behind them for which a consideration was duly paid by the tribal headmen. During the Chitral campaign it was reported that a consignment of Kabul-made ammunition was sent into Bajour from the Sipah Salars's camp beyond Asmar. This rumour may have been untrue, but it was widely credited on the border. In any case it appears certain that as regards Martini-Henry rifles the tribes have an abundant supply of cartridges, the majority of which have not come from India. We must count upon this as a factor in the fighting in any future campaign beyond the frontier.

THE ITALIANS IN ABYSSINIA.

PROPOSED ALLIANCE WITH THE DERVISHES.

The Fall Mall correspondent in Rome writing on March 6 says:—Italy is still under the painful impression produced by the late disaster in Africa, which was quite unexpected, comming after three months' preparations, when nearly 40,000 men were concentrated under General Baratieri, 12,000 more having landed at Massowah two days before the battle, and 10,000 others commencing being at sea. Putting aside for the moment the responsibility of General Baratieri, which will be investigated and judged later, the Government and the public begin to understand that the African enterprise which Italy has undertaken is a more arduous affair than was thought, and greater efforts and a more meditated preparation are consequently necessary, the struggle not being against barbarous tribes badly armed with lance and shield, but the most warlike people in Africa, well enough organised and provided with modern arms, and on territory that from its formation reduces very much the superiority of the Italians with regard to organization, artillery, &c. The situation is rendered more grave by the agreement which has taken place between the dervishes and the Abyssinians, obliging the Italians to face two different enemies equally strong, on two different battlefields, without counting the rebels, who are encouraged by the present success. Such a complicated position has brought to the front a proposal to make an alliance with the dervishes against the Abyssinians. The project is not a novelty, as it was spoken of in a report of January 29, 1887, by Gen. Genala, then Minister of War, and by Count Robilant, the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs, who absolutely refused to enter into any such negotiations, saying, among other things: "What would the Government of Queen Victoria think if suddenly the forces of Osman Digma, who kept in check the English troops at Suakin, became our allies; those dervishes who took Kassala; those Mahdists who in the Soudan at El-Obeid and Khartoum gave the hardest blow that the English have had in modern days?" The project will have now the same answer.

WOMEN'S WORK FOR WOMEN.

IT is proposed to inaugurate another organization of women workers, and its title will be, "The National Council of Women of Great Britain and Ireland." Its object is to unite all organised societies of women for mutual counsel and co-operation, in the attainment of justice and freedom for women, and for all that makes for the good of humanity. It is designed to encourage the formation of societies of women engaged in trades, professions, and in social and political work, in connection with which no duly organized union at present exists; and it is intended to affiliate with other National Councils of women for the purpose of facilitating international conferences and co-operation. In furtherance of this object a public meeting was held last evening at St. Martin's Town Hall, Charing Cross-road. The chair was occupied by Mr. W. McLaren, M. P., in the absence of Lady Henry Somerset, who, through indisposition, was prevented from attending. Professor Roberts Austen, Mrs. Austen, Mrs. Alex. Tweedie, Mrs. Hicks, and Mrs. Bedford Fenwick (hon. sec.) addressed the meeting, a resolution being submitted expressing cordial approval of the proposed Council, and pledging support to the movement. Speaking of the inability of the poorest to help themselves under present social conditions, Mrs. Hicks said that the other day a woman said to her, "When children are born in fourpenny lodging houses, brought up in gutters, laid up in work-houses and die in hospitals, how can you expect us to better ourselves unless others come to our rescue?"—Lady H. Somerset, in the course of a letter explaining her absence, said that it was her greatest hope that the National Women's Council might succeed in its objects, and in such a manner as to militate in no way against existing societies, but rather that when the scheme is matured it may be found that the excellent work already begun will only be strengthened by the formation of an organization whose hospitality of thought and purpose should be greater than that of any other these islands have yet seen. The Women's Council of Great Britain and Ireland must know no sect or section, no colour, creed, or class. It must be neither Liberal; but must open friendly doors to all women representing the societies which are to build up the betterment of the world—and in these difficult days perhaps not the least excellent feature in the scheme is the fact that it is international.

THE Madras Government has approved of the revenue account of the South Indian Railway Company for the half-year ended 31st December last, and has ordered a sum of Rs. 1,08,917, being the Company's share of the surplus profits, to be remitted to the Board of Directors.

THE sale of pice packets of quinine at post offices was introduced only in 1892, and the scheme is at present too young to entirely justify itself. The demand, however, varies from month to month in proportion to the prevalence of fever, and there seems to be good reason to believe that it will increase if carefully stimulated. In Bengal the sale has been extended to all post offices except those in the Presidency town, and nearly two million packets of five-grain powders were sold during 1895. The practice has also been introduced into Madras, Bombay, the Central Provinces, Berar, Baluchistan, Assam and Burma, and it was adopted in the Punjab in October 1894 in the Delhi Division as an experimental measure.

MAGISTRATES seem unable to arrive at a satisfactory definition of drunkenness. The question was raised once more at Liverpool, where a defendant urged that a man should be unable to walk before he could be charged, but, as the Stipendiary remarked, that was only one way of putting it. The other day a witness told him that a sure test of a man being drunk was when he tried to light his pipe at a pump!

FEMININE FACTS AND FANCIES.

WHAT makes you women kiss when you meet? It's a sort of apology in advance for what we mean to say about each other after we part.

The following amusing story is told of Queen Margaret of Italy. She recently arrived in a town where great preparations had been made to do her honour. The Mayor was at hand to escort her to the room where luncheon was served, but the Queen declined to eat anything, saying that all she needed was a glass of water and a sandwich. At the end of this frugal repast, she was about to take her handkerchief from her pocket to wipe her lips, when the mayor, misinterpreting her action, bowed respectfully and said—"Your Majesty need not trouble yourself. I can assure you the lunch is all paid for."

It is not generally known, that in Free Library in Manresa Road, Chelsea, there is on view a very fine collection of relics of and pertaining to Keats. These relics include a number of letters among which is a long love-letter to Fanny Brawne. It is dated Tuesday Morn, and begins as follows:—"My Dearest Girl,—I wrote a letter for you yesterday, expecting to have seen your mother. I shall be selfish enough to send it, though I know it may give you a little pain, because I wish you to see how unhappy I am for love of you, and endeavour as much as I can to entice you to give up your whole heart to me whose whole existence hangs upon you. You could not step or move an eyelin but it would shoot to my heart—I am greedy of you. Do not think of anything but me. Do not live as if I was not existing. Do not forget me. But have I any right to say you forget me? Perhaps you think of me all day. Have I any right to wish you to be unhappy for me? You would forgive me for wishing it if you knew the extreme passion I have that you should love me—and for you to love me as I do you you must think of no one but me. My sensations are delightful, and less acute this morning I have been haunted with a sweet vision—I have seen you the whole time in your shepherdess dress. How my senses have ached at it! How my heart has been devoted to it! How my eyes have been full of tears at it! Indeed I think a love is long enough to occupy the wildest heart. Your going to town alone when I heard of it was a shock to me—yet I expected it—"promise me you will not for some time to be unhappy for me! Promise me this, and fill the paper full of most endearing names.

Writing of early spring fashions a lady says:—The materials for this season's wear are excessively pretty, and specially new fabrics, but pleasing variations of old favourites. Take, for example, chine alpaca, which with its soft blurred effects, is really charming. On a biscuit coloured ground are flowers in various tones of orange brown, all running into each other; a pale pink ground has an over design in shapes of brown; there are pale blues, with darker blue patterns, black on silver grey, heliotrope on black, and white on dark grey. These new departures are of British manufacture, so fair ladies who uphold home goods will be able to combine patriotism with fashion. All the chine fabrics are pleasing, those with the blurred patterns having a second look over before they are worn, as they are made up. Canvas, too, appears in a new form with silk brocaded flowers on its surface. Silk grenadines will be worn as the season advances, some having alternate black satin and floral stripes, tiny bright blossoms of blue, pink, heliotrope, or yellow. These make up admirably over black silk or satin. In still thinner materials, black chiffon, mousseline-de-soie, and gauze, the pattern idea is also paramount in the shape of tiny sprays, three, however, some under the Summer rather than Spring dress, and one must not be too previous.

Satin cloths brocaded with tiny silk spots are pretty—blue on biscuit colour, pink on grey, &c. Other cloths of this order have marbled effects, which are produced by a judicious admixture of colours. A material called Clovelly is likely to be well patronised. It has a small self-brocade design raised on it, giving the appearance of bubbles. Another cloth has a still rougher surface, caused by an interwoven brocade in relief. The speckled fancy woollens are also worthy of notice, being chiefly in neutral colours with touches of green, blue, and yellow, which brighten them up considerably. Turning to silks, we are reverting to the old-fashioned glaces so much worn many years ago, and some of these are fancy and going in conjunction with them, both for skirts and bodices. Taffetas are in beautiful colourings, deep rich yellows, the new heliotrope, which is really more red than violet; geranium reds and rose pinks, bright greens and turquoise blues. Chameleon effects, that is, those with three colours, is greatly in request. Poult-de-soie and peau-de-soie, especially the former silk, are used for some of the newest French models. A gown of malachite poult-de-soie, with an over bracelet in a deeper tone—for brocades have now grounds of poult-de-soie—has the new shaped sleeves, all the width at the elbows, with the fulness above kept down with bands of green sequins; below the large elbow puffs the sleeves are tight to the wrist, where they fall over the hand in deep points, out-lined with sequins. The full bodice is drawn in under a band of green velvet, the centre of the bodice and collar, with wide bows being also of velvet. The skirt is very full, with a narrow bordering of velvet beaded with sequins round the foot.

Black and white silks will be even more worn this year then last; there are white brocades on black grounds, and black on white. A silk with a velvet-like surface, a new introduction, called chameleon luxor, is in good mixtures of colour. Nearly all the new silks have a satin stripe running through, and the best chine effects being obtained by printing the design on the warp, the cheaper kinds having the printing process done after the silk is woven; but these cannot compare in any way with those manufactured on the premises. Checked silks will again be well worn; a pretty dress of pale grey cashmere is enriched with trimmings of silver braid set on in rows with narrow chine ribbon, pink flowers, on a grey ground, between each row of braid; this borders the skirt, forms the deep yoke, beneath which the full bodice is drawn in with band and silver buckle, and ornaments the turned-back cuffs, the inside collar and throat piece being of pink silk matching the ribbon in colour. Mohair braid, which is said is likely to be a great deal worn; a good model is in pinkish tan (a new shade); this has a flounced skirt, the full basqued bodice being opened back to show a striped pink shirt and almost tight s

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THESE GRAND OLD SCOTCH WHISKIES are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS AND COMPANY, of London and Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "CARLTON." They are distilled from the finest Highland Malt only, are in every respect equal to the Best Cognac Brandy and guaranteed to be entirely free from Fusil Oil or other noxious impurities.

LABORATORY, ROYAL POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTION.
March 18th, 1878.

To R. MATHEWS & COMPANY.

This is to certify that I have carefully Analysed a sample of the "CARLTON WHISKEY." I find it to be a very old and pure Spirit, perfectly free from Fusil Oil, or any other deleterious substance. In my opinion this Whiskey is of a very high character

EDWARD V. GARDNER, F.A.S., M.S.A.,
Professor of Chemistry.
Berner's College, London.

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the Shippers of the "CARLTON," WHISKEYS, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of Whiskey, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsules and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

Sold Everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.

Shippers: RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., "Carlton" Whisky Merchants, London.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.,

WATCH & CLOCK MAKERS,

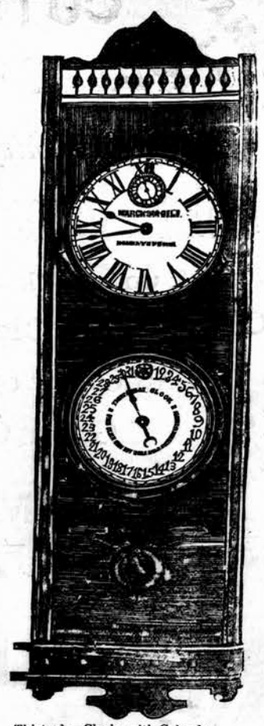
BOMBAY & POONA.

Locomotive Timepiece, Oxidized. Rs. 22.

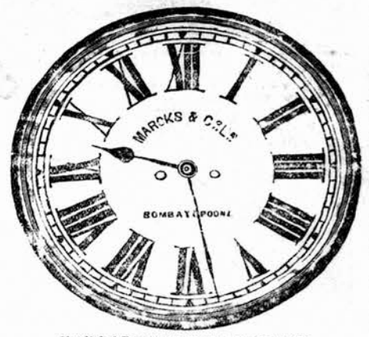
Mignon Carriage or Palki Clocks, from Rs. 70 to Rs. 280.

American 8-Day Office Clocks, from Rs. 22.

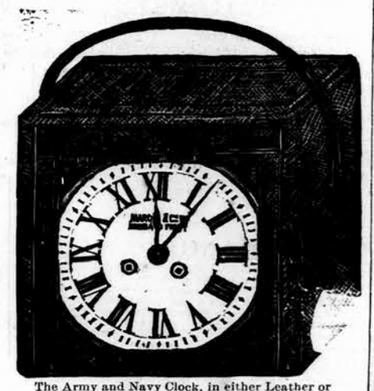
REGULATOR CLOCK in handsome, well-finished cases. Rs. 40, 45, 55 and 60.



Thirty-day Clock, with Calendar, as illustrated ..... Rs. 110.
Without Calendar ..... " 85.

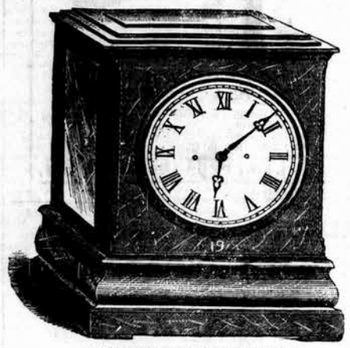


English 8-Day Wall Clocks, Rs. 55 to 475.



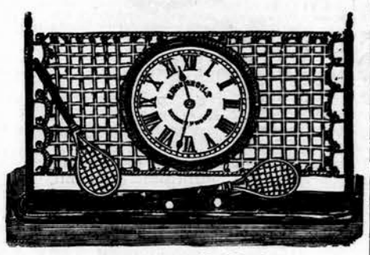
The Army and Navy Clock, in either Leather or Teakwood Case. A sound and serviceable article, from Rs. 55 to 80

alki Clocks, Enamelled Dials, from Rs. 85 to Rs. 400. Very suitable for presentations.



MARBLE FRENCH CLOCKS, Exquisitely finished, from Rs. 50 to Rs. 250.

Miniature 8-Day Automatic Palki Clock, finest Workmanship, Rs. 290.



Electroplated Tennis Net Timepiece, Rs. 25. And many other Novel designs.

POSITIVELY THE BEST DRESSING FOR

PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR.

SPECIALLY PREPARED AND PERFUMED FOR TOILET USE.

ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BEST.

"Dear Sir,—After trying several hair-producers, and giving yours a fair trial, I must acknowledge it to be the best. "S. BENNETT,

"19, Gloucester Place, Liverpool."

DESPAIRED OF SUCCESS.

"Sir,—My delight at the remarkable results produced by the use of your 'Harlene' impels me to testify to its efficacy. I had tried several other applications and had despaired of success, when I was advised to try yours. I have used three bottles, and, as a result, my hair is as plentiful as it was ten years ago. "G. COSTA,

"4, Rue de la Sourdiere, Paris."

THE HON. MRS. THOMPSON'S TESTIMONY.

"Ackworth Moor Top, Pontefract.

"The Hon. Mrs. Thompson desires to testify to the value of 'Harlene' for strengthening and preserving the hair, and will be pleased to allow her testimony to be publicly used."

DONE WONDERS FOR MY HAIR.

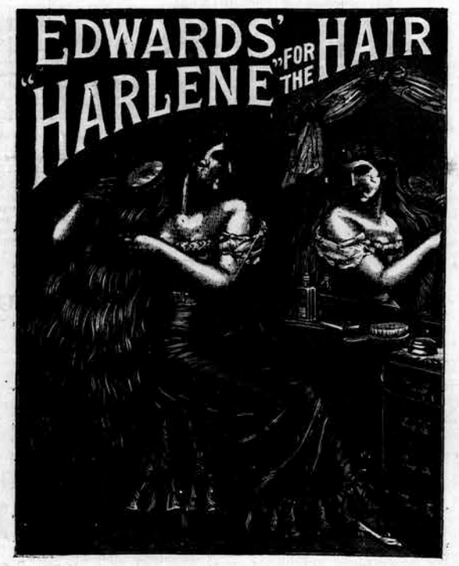
"Sir,—Please send me one 5s. 6d. bottle of 'Harlene.' I have used it for the last eighteen months, and it has done wonders for my hair. I now wish to induce a friend of mine to try it; also a bottle of 'Violetta.' "JANE LEECH,

"The Oaks, Wisbeach Road, King's Lynn."

VAIN REGRETS.

"Gentlemen,—I have tried your 'Harlene,' and find that there is none to equal it. I only regret that I did not try it years ago. "MISS PRESTON,

"Southend Villas, Syston, near Leicester."



AN EXCELLENT HAIR DRESSING.

"Sir,—Kindly forward another bottle of 'Harlene.' I like it immensely. I think it an excellent dressing for the hair, and prefer it to any other. "MRS. ROSE,

"Lower Heywood, Banbury, Oxon."

AN ANXIOUS FATHER SATISFIED.

"Sir,—I am pleased to testify to the efficacy of your 'Harlene.' My little boy (four and a-half years old has had a bald place on the back of his head from his birth. I applied the 'Harlene' to the place daily, and the result has been most satisfactory."

[Name and address suppressed by desire. Original may be seen.]

FOR EYEBROWS AND RENEWING THE HAIR.

"Dear Sir,—I have used your 'Harlene' for nearly four years, and have found it most satisfactory for the eyebrows and eyelashes, also for renewing the hair.

"6, Belgrave Terrace, Brighton." "MISS TATSS,

A MARKED IMPROVEMENT.

"Dear Sirs,—Having used one bottle of your 'Harlene' I noticed a marked improvement; my hair is beginning to grow, and the scurf has disappeared. I will recommend it to my friends. "MISS WEBB,

"Northumberland House, Brandon, Suffolk."

DELIGHTED WITH THE HAIR TONIC.

"Sir,—I am delighted with your hair-tonic; can detect an improvement with using one bottle. Please send large size. "SAMUEL GROCOTT,

"Field View, Woore, Newcastle, Staffs."

"HARLENE" WORLD-RENOWNED HAIR PRODUCER AND RESTORER.

Is the Best Dressing, specially prepared and Perfumed for Toilet Use. "HARLENE" PRODUCES LUXURIANT HAIR, PREVENTS ITS FALLING OFF AND TURNING GREY.

UNEQUALLED FOR PROMOTING THE GROWTH OF THE BEARD AND MOUSTACHE. THE WORLD-RENOWNED REMEDY FOR BALDNESS. For Curing Weak and Thin Eyelashes, Preserving, Strengthening, and rendering the Hair beautifully Soft. For removing Scurf, Dandruff, &c., also for Restoring Grey Hair to its Natural Color, it is without a rival. Physicians and Analysts pronounce it to be devoid of any metalic or other injurious ingredients. 1/-, 2/6, and (triple 2/6 size) 4/6 per bottle. May be had from Chemists, Hairdressers, and Perfumers all over the World, or sent direct, on receipt of P.O.O.

EDWARDS' "HARLENE" Co., 95, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C.

Gold Medals, Paris, 1878: &c.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S PENS

Of Highest Quality, and Having Greatest Durability are Therefore CHEAPEST.

MAINTAINS THE HIGHEST REPUTATION.

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

Estd. since 1829.

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA — Has maintained its reputation for over Sixty Years as the most reliable remedy for Tropical Disorders.

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA — For Torpid Liver, Debility, Attenuation of Body, Lassitude.

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA — For Chronic Rheumatism, Obstinate Skin Diseases and Eruptions.

A LITTLE TAKEN DAILY IS THE BEST PREVENTIVE OF ILLNESS.

INDISPENSABLE TO THOSE WHO VALUE HEALTH.

RELIABLE EVIDENCE OF SUPERIORITY.

CAUTION. Beware of Worthless and Injurious Imitations. REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*

"We recommend your Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla."—*Medical Review.*

"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequele of a mercurial course."—*Sir R. Martin.*

"I am never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."—*The Late Lord Clyde.*

"Your Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla cured me of a Torpid Liver when all other medicines had failed."—*Earl of Aldborough.*

Ask for WILKINSON'S Essence of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, and take no other.

Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers in Small, Medium and Large Bottles.

Bombay:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited; KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

Established in Paris 1770. 40 Prize Medals.

THREE LEADING FACTORIES—
PARIS—LONDON—STRASBOURG.

COMPAGNIE FRANCAISE,

Purveyors by Special Appointment to H. R. H. the Princess of Wales.

CHOCOLATE, COCOA AND CONFECTIONERY.

"Reviving Sweets repair the mind's decay."—*Pope.*

Guaranteed Absolutely Pure.

"EXCOCOEL".

In Packets and Tins.

"Grand flavour, delicate aroma."
"Dietetic, sustaining properties."—Vide *Analysts.*

SUPERIOR CHOCOLATE, ½ lb. Packets. (Yellow Wrappers.)

CHOCOLATE WAFERS.

Large and Small Boxes. A delicious eating Chocolate.

CHOCOLATE HORSESHOES (Registered). A superior eating Chocolate in handsome horseshoe boxes.

HIGH LIFE BONBONS. The most tasteful Dessert Sweetmeat. Elegant Boxes.

"REVIVISCENT" CHOCOLATE. Invented and prepared chiefly for use in cases where sugar is considered harmful. Guaranteed without sugar or farinaceous substances. (Vide *Lancet.*)

Agents:—Hind & Davison, Lahore; W. Leslie & Co., Calcutta.

Stephens' Inks

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

PETER MÖLLER'S

COD LIVER OIL

Scientifically prepared by Möller's Patented Process.

HIGHEST PRIZES AT NINETEEN INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITIONS.

"Pure, only oil free from Hydrolyls (which abound in emulsions and solutions), and consequently from any unpleasant flavour, "aftertaste" or "repetition," and yet a highly powerful and valuable therapeutic.

In Capsuled Bottles only.

NO STABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT

For Sprains, Curbs, and Splints when forming.
For Over-reaches, Chapped Heels, Wind Galls.
For Rheumatism in Horses.
For Sore Throats and Influenza.
For Broken Knees, Bruises, Capped Hocks.
For Sore Shoulders, Sore Backs.
For Sprains, Cuts, Bruises in Dogs.
For Cramp in Birds.

Indispensable in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds.
HADDINGTON, Master of Berwickshire Hounds.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the Mail Budget size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged, Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage. English Subscription, £1, 15 per year, including Postage.

NOTICES.

W. CLARK'S HOPLEMUROMA

WILLIAM CLARK begs to call the attention of the Nobility and Gentry, also Trainers and Dealers, and all who have the care and management of Horses, to his

HOPLEMUROMA
(HOOF OINTMENT)

For the improvement of the growth of Horses' Feet also to cure and prevent Navicular Disease, Jarring, Fever in the Feet, Brittle and Shelly Feet, Sand Cracks, Seedy Toes, Diseased Frogs, Corns, Cracked and Greasy Heels, Cuts, Wounds, Sore Throats, &c., also prevents Horses throwing Shoes.

This matchless preparation causes the Horn to grow about three-quarters of an inch per month, making it tough and wiry, and prevents it breaking away, and does not stop Horses from doing their usual work, besides being highly conducive to the general health and well-being of the Horse's Foot.

After successful applications of the above for 35 years, and curing that period never knowing it to fail, W. C. can with the greatest confidence recommend it, and also feels it his duty to make the public acquainted with a preparation so valuable for the cure of the above-mentioned diseases, and no Stable ought to be without it.

1. Sound Foot. 2. Seedy Toe. 3. Sound Foot and Frog. 4. Diseased Foot. 5. Contracted Foot. 6. Sound Foot. 7. Brittle, Shelly and Sand Crack. 8. Application of Hoplemuroma.

Yours faithfully, J. S. MIDDLETON.

METROPOLITAN POLISH

For restoring and preserving all kinds of Patent Enamel, and Morocco Leather. It renders them perfectly elastic. It will not attract heat. Likewise for cleaning and restoring Oil Paintings, Carriage Panels, &c. For French Polished, Japanned, and Varnished Goods, it will be found unequalled.

Brown Leather Polish

For Cleaning, Beautifying, and Preserving all kinds of Brown Leather Boots and Shoes and every description of Brown Leather.

Made in Three Shades—
NUT BROWN, LIGHT BROWN, AND MAHOGANY.

Brown Boot Stain

For Removing Stains and Restoring Leather to its Original Colour.

FOR ALL KINDS OF BROWN LEATHER BOOTS AND SHOES
Warranted not to injure the leather.

PASIATREUSIS

For Outward Application.

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ROARERS & WHISTLERS.

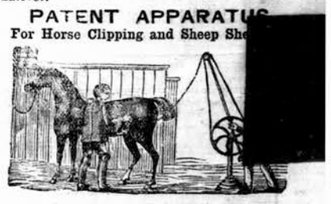
A certain cure for Horses' Sore Throats, Irritation of the Throat, Strangles, Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Ringbones, Capped Hocks, &c. Enlarged or Stiff Joints can be reduced by the use of this preparation giving freedom of action. Contracted Muscles, Sinews, and Sidebones made elastic. It is the quickest known remedy to reduce inflammation, and does not Blister or cause any Irritation when applied, or remove the hair.

This Preparation is so simple in its use that it does not prevent the animal from doing it usual daily work during its application. This is a very great advantage. To Breeders, Trainers, Job Masters, &c., it is a most invaluable remedy, and during the last 25 years has effected some wonderful cures.

A bottle of Embrocation accompanies the same, and should be used alternatively.

This is the most humane remedy ever introduced to the public, as it does away with the painful operations of firing and blistering, and causes the animal no pain whatever.

PATENT APPARATUS
For Horse Clipping and Sheep Shearing



By means of this Machine a horse can be clipped in about half-an-hour, only one man and boy being required. It works at the rate of between 2,000 and 3,000 cuts per minute, and the cutters being made with the Patent Grasshopper Springs, never require sharpening; also used for Sheep shearing. A sheep may be sheared in about three minutes.

HORSE-CLIPPERS.

No. 1.—ORIGINAL.—This well-known Instrument has now been before the public for twenty years, and has given universal satisfaction, and is everywhere acknowledged to be by far the best and cheapest in the market. It has been known to clip between 200 and 300 horses before requiring sharpening.

No. 2.—One-handed Clipper for heads, manes, quarters, and difficult parts, leaving one hand at liberty to hold the horse, thus enabling the clipping to be performed by one man only. This Machine is also used for clipping Poodles.

No. 3.—One-handed Clipper, with coarser teeth for legs and bellies, and coarse hair, which would break the finer teeth, avoiding the necessity of getting under the animal and consequent liability of accident to the man and also to the machine itself.

No. 4.—A two-handed Instrument, with the Patent Grasshopper Springs over the plates. This improvement renders the machines simply perfect, producing a softness and ease of motion not to be surpassed, whilst by the peculiar and continuous self-acting pressure of the spring the two plates are kept in cutting contact, and the machine requires no further sharpening. It is, therefore, specially adapted for the Colonies.

No. 5.—Has a third pressure plate, which, bearing on the entire cutting portion of the machine, produces a soft and even motion.

CLARK'S LIST OF HAIR-CUTTING MACHINES,

Of Various Sizes and Description of Makes.

(1) Is a Grasshopper Spring Clipper made in 5 different lengths of cut, namely, ½, ¾, ⅞, ¾ of an inch. This machine is the best in existence, and will keep on the cut for years. The springs between the two handles are the best, as they give more power to the cut, and last much longer than others.

AGENTS:—**Treacher and Co.,** BYCULLA, BOMBAY AND POONA; **Bathgate and Co.,** CALCUTTA.

FOR SALE.

GERMAN CANARIES

From the Harz Mountains, Province Hanover, The best Singers in the world.

Apply C. BRAND MULLER, Next to Messrs. Scrabjee & Jamsetjee Khan, Jewellers 6, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CYCLE AGENCY,

1, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

RALEIGH, GRANVILLE, Swift, Humber, Wearwell, &c., Cycles. All Accessories Repairs undertaken. Rates 25 per cent. cheaper than elsewhere. Professional teacher of Safety Cycling on our staff. Price Lists free. Raleighs have beaten all records and won all championships and were given Highest AWARD, World's Fair, Chicago.

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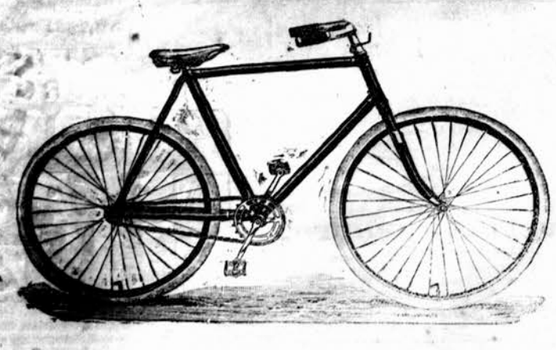
MANUFACTURERS' EXCHANGE, 45, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.



CYCLES.

LATEST 1896 PATTERNS.

For Strength, Lightness and Easy running.

Light Roadster.....27 lbs.
Full Roadster .....32 lbs.

Notice the Chain Wheel.

A Single Machine at full wholesale Discount.

Price.....Rs. 360
Discount..... „ 135

Cash ...Rs. 225

MANUFACTURERS' EXCHANGE,
45, APOLLO STREET,
BOMBAY.

MILKMAID BRAND CONDENSED MILK

The "Milkmaid" Brand is guaranteed to contain all the cream of the original milk. In the process of manufacture nothing but water is removed, nothing but the best refined sugar added.

Avoid low-priced brands from which the cream has been abstracted, and ask for the "Milkmaid" Brand, the best for all purposes.

Largest Sale in the World.

ASK FOR

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT

And see that each Jar bears Justus von Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.

J. Liebig

Sold by Agents of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.

FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.

Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness. Keeps good in the hottest Climates, and for any length of time.

The Company's NEW COOKERY BOOK sent free on application to

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT CO., Ltd., 9, Fenchurch Avenue, London, England.

Cookery Books may also be had gratis on application at the office of this paper.

Collects the FUR' In KETTLES, KITCHEN BOILERS, AND PIPES.

ONE OF MANY TESTIMONIALS.

Messrs. Neville, Reid and Co., Brewers to the Queen, Windsor, write: "The 'Octopus' supplied have, in every case, been of great benefit, and given much satisfaction."

Prevents Boiler Leakage.

Kettle Size ... 2/6
Small Boiler Size ... 5/-
Medium Boiler Size ... 7/6

MADE IN SPECIAL SIZES FOR FACTORY BOILERS.

Carriage Paid from London on all Orders of One Dozen at retail prices.

Purifies and Softens the Water. *Sold all over the World.*

Agents in Calcutta, WHEATLEY THOMAS & Co., 73, New China Bazaar.
Sold by the ARMY AND NAVY STORES at Bombay and Karachi.
Special Wholesale Agents, W. B. FORDHAM & SONS, Ltd., 36-40, York Rd., King's Cross, London, N.
Patentees and Sole Manufacturers,
LANGSTAFFE, BANKS & PECKOVER, 56, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.

GOLD MEDAL, HEALTH EXHIBITION, LONDON.

Benger's Food

FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS, & THE AGED

Delicious, Nutritive, Digestible.

"Retained when all other Foods are rejected. It is invaluable."
—LONDON MEDICAL RECORD.

EXTRACTS FROM PRIVATE LETTERS.

"My last little boy was fed entirely upon it from birth, and a healthier child it would be difficult to find. My wife sounds the praise of 'Benger's Food' everywhere."

"If every mother knew of its value, no other would be used."

Sold by Treacher & Co., Ltd., Kemp & Co., Ltd., and Phillips & Co., Ltd., Bombay; Treacher & Co., Ltd., Byculla; Treacher & Co., Ltd., and Phillips & Co., Ltd., Poona; Spencer & Co., Madras; Allen Bros. & Co., R. Scott Thomson & Co., Ltd., and Smith, Stanistreet & Co., Calcutta; Allen Bros., & Co., Hajee Abdool Majeed, Abdool Gunny, Ashanoolla and Mahomet Ameer, and A. Barakat & Co., Delhi; and by leading Chemists, &c., everywhere.

Having regard to an UNTRUE STATEMENT made by an Advertiser of Phosphodyne, viz., "The only Medicine of that name granted Certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks," Dr. Lalor invites the attention of the public to the following copy of a letter received from Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks:—

THE PATENT OFFICE, TRADE MARKS BRANCH, 25, Southampton Buildings, London, W.C.,
27th November, 1894.

Sir,—Adverting to your letter of the 22nd instant, enclosing an Advertisement (apparently taken from some Indian newspaper) relating to "Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne," I am directed to inform you that the Comptroller does not find that the combination of devices (Locomotive, Ship, Royal Arms, &c.), with those words (and others), appearing in the Advertisement, has been registered at this office in the Class (Class 3) to which Medicines for human use belong; and the word "Phosphodyne" has not been so Registered EXCEPT IN YOUR NAME. The official number of your registration of the label with Hercules and the Lion and the words "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne or Vital Elixir" is 5317, and its date is 3rd May, 1876; your registration of the word "Phosphodyne" by itself, as an "OLD" Trade Mark, is numbered 12937, and is of date 26th October, 1877.

The Comptroller will be happy to afford you any further assistance in his power in connection with the matter.

I am, Sir, your obedient Servant,
(Signed) W. J. F. TOMLINSON.

the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all Countries.

DR LALOR'S TRADE MARK.

PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For thirty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

HEALTH. STRENGTH. & ENERGY.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.

COGNAC A.1. INVALIDS' PORT

"The Wine Shippers of the East."

Napier Johnstone's Whisky.

Brodie & Co.'s & The Camuslynie Whiskies.

C. P. & Co.'s Clarets, Burgundies, and every other Wine of Good Quality.

AMOROSO SHERRY PALL MALL WHISKY

BOMBAY.

IN ALL PARTS OF INDIA AND THE EAST

MELLIN'S FOOD

is employed with the greatest success for Infants of all Races. MELLIN'S FOOD is adapted for the use of Infants from birth. MELLIN'S FOOD may be modified in preparation to suit the requirements of the weak and sickly as well as for the strong and vigorous.

MELLIN'S FOOD for Infants and Invalids may be obtained of all Dealers throughout India.

Samples and Directions, for use, printed in Native Languages, together with a work on the "Care of Infants in India," can be had on application to:—

BOMBAY—Latham, Abercrombie & Co. CALCUTTA—Mackenzie, Lyall & Co. MADRAS—Oakes & Co.
KURRACHEE—H. J. Rustomjee & Co. RANGOON—Latham, Black & Co.

MELLIN'S FOOD COMPANY FOR INDIA, LTD., PECKHAM, LONDON.

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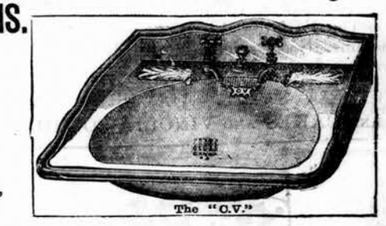

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